

# Double Data Rate I/O (ALTDDIO\_IN, ALTDDIO\_OUT, and ALTDDIO\_BIDIR) IP Cores User Guide

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The ALTDDIO Intel® FPGA IP configure the DDR I/O registers in APEX™ II, Arria® II, Arria V, Cyclone® IV, Cyclone V, Intel Cyclone 10 LP, HardCopy®, Stratix® IV, and Stratix V devices.

You can also use these IP cores to implement DDR registers in the logic elements (LEs). In Arria GX, Stratix series, HardCopy II, HardCopy Stratix, and APEX II devices, the DDR registers are implemented in the I/O element (IOE). In Cyclone series devices, the IP cores automatically implement the DDR registers in the LEs closest to the pin. The ALTDDIO\_IN IP core implements the interface for DDR inputs. The ALTDDIO\_OUT IP core implements the interface for DDR outputs. The ALTDDIO\_BIDIR Intel FPGA IP implements the interface for bidirectional DDR inputs and outputs.

## ALTDDIO Features

The ALTDDIO IP cores implement a DDR interface and offer the following additional features:

- The ALTDDIO\_IN IP core receives data on both edges of the reference clock
- The ALTDDIO\_OUT IP core transmits data on both edges of the reference clock
- The ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core transmits and receives data on both edges of the reference clock
- Asynchronous clear and asynchronous set input options available
- Synchronous clear and synchronous set input options available for Arria GX and Stratix series devices.
- `inclk` signal to sample the DDR input
- `outclk` signal to register the data output
- Clock enable signals
- Bidirectional port for the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core
- An output enable input for the ALTDDIO\_OUT and ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP cores

## ALTDDIO Common Applications

DDR registers capture and/or send data at twice the rate of the clock or data strobe to interface with a memory device or other high-speed interface application in which the data is clocked at both edges of the clock.

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The DDR registers interface with DDR SDRAM, DDR2 SDRAM, RLDRAM II, QDR SRAM, and QDRII SRAM memory devices. You can also use the DDR I/O registers as a SERDES bypass mechanism in LVDS applications. This section provides information about the following DDR I/O applications:

- DDR SDRAM, DDR2 SDRAM, and RLDRAM II memory interfaces
- QDR SRAM and QDRII SRAM memory interfaces
- High-speed interface applications

## DDR SDRAM, DDR2 SDRAM and RLDRAM II Memory

DDR SDRAM, DDR2 SDRAM, and RLDRAM II write and read data at twice the clock rate by capturing data on both the positive and negative edge of a clock.

DDR and DDR2 SDRAM are JEDEC standards. RLDRAM II devices have minimal latency to support designs that require fast response times. These DDR memory interfaces use a variety of I/O standards, such as SSTL-II, 1.8-V HSTL, LVTTTL, and LVC MOS.

### Related Information

#### [DDR & DDR2 SDRAM Controller Compiler User Guide](#)

The DDR and DDRII SDRAM controller is available by downloading the Altera DDR SDRAM Controller MegaCore function

## QDR SRAM and QDRII SRAM Memory Interfaces

The QDR and QDRII SRAM standard is defined jointly by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, Integrated Device Technology, Inc., and Micron Technology, Inc.

QDR and QDRII SRAMs have separate DDR read and write ports that pass data concurrently. The combination of concurrent transactions and DDR signaling allows data to be passed four times faster than by conventional SRAMs. The I/O standards used for QDR SRAM devices are 1.5-V HSTL class I and II. QDRII SRAMs use both 1.5-V and 1.8-V HSTL class I.

## High-Speed Interface Applications

High-speed interface applications use various differential standards, such as LVDS, LVPECL, PCML, or HyperTransport technology to transfer data.

These standards often use DDR data. Stratix series devices implement high-speed standards either by using the dedicated differential I/O SERDES blocks or by bypassing SERDES and using the DDR I/O circuitry in SERDES bypass mode. DDR IP cores, PLLs, and shift registers are all used in SERDES functionality.

### Related Information

- [External Memory Interfaces in Stratix II and Stratix II GX Devices](#)
- [Implementing Double Data Rate I/O Signaling in Cyclone Devices](#)
- [AN 167: Using Flexible-LVDS I/O Pins in APEX II Devices](#)

## ALTDDIO Resource Utilization and Performance

For details about the resource utilization of the ALTDDIO\_IN, ALTDDIO\_OUT, and ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP cores in various devices, and the performance of devices that include these IP cores, refer to the Parameter Editor and the compilation reports for each device.

## ALTDDIO Parameter Settings

These tables list the parameter settings for the ALTDDIO IP cores.

**Table 1: ALTDDIO\_IN Parameter Settings**

This table lists the parameter settings for the ALTDDIO\_IN IP core.

Parameter	Description
Currently selected device family	Specify the Intel device family you are using.
Width: (bits)	Specify the width of the data buses.
Asynchronous clear and asynchronous set ports	Select <b>Use 'aclr' port</b> for asynchronous clear (aclr). Select <b>Use 'aset' port</b> for asynchronous preset (aset).  If you are not using any of the asynchronous clear options, select <b>Not used</b> and specify whether registers should power up high or low by turning on/off <b>Registers power up high</b> .
Synchronous clear and synchronous set ports	Select <b>Use 'sclr' port</b> for synchronous clear (sclr). Select <b>Use 'sset' port</b> for synchronous preset (sset). If you are not using any of the synchronous clear options, select <b>Not used</b> .  The synchronous reset option is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only.
Use 'inclocken' port	Turn on this option to add a clock enable port that controls when data input is clocked in. This signal prevents data from being passed through.
Invert input clock	When enabled, the first bit of data is captured on the rising edge of the input clock. If not enabled, the first bit of data is captured on the falling edge of the input clock.

**Table 2: ALTDDIO\_OUT Parameter Settings**

This table lists the parameter settings for the ALTDDIO\_OUT IP core.

Parameter	Description
Currently selected device family	Specify the Intel device family you are using.
Width: (bits)	Specify the width of the data buses.
Asynchronous clear and asynchronous set ports	Select <b>Use 'aclr' port</b> for asynchronous clear (aclr). Select <b>Use 'aset' port</b> for asynchronous preset (aset).  If you are not using any of the asynchronous clear options, select <b>Not used</b> and specify whether registers should power up high or low by turning on/off <b>Registers power up high</b> .

Parameter	Description
Use 'outclocken' port	Turn on this option to add a clock enable port to control when data output is clocked in. This signal prevents data from being passed through.
Invert 'dataout' output	Turn on this option to invert the <code>dataout[ ]</code> output port. This option is available for Cyclone III and Cyclone II devices only.
Use output enable port	Turn on this option to create an output enable input port ( <code>oe</code> ) to control when the data is set out to the <code>dataout</code> port.
Use 'oe_out' port to connect to tri-state output buffer(s)	Turn on this option to create an output enable port for the bidirectional <code>padio</code> port. This port is available for Stratix III and Cyclone III devices only.
Register 'oe' port	Turn on this option to register the output-enable ( <code>oe</code> ) input port.
Delay switch-on by half a clock cycle	Turn on this option to use an additional <code>oe</code> register. When the additional <code>oe</code> register is used, the output pin is held at high impedance for an extra half clock cycle after the <code>oe</code> port goes high.
Synchronous clear and synchronous set ports	Select <b>Use 'sclr' port</b> for synchronous clear ( <code>sclr</code> ). Select <b>Use 'sset' port</b> for synchronous preset ( <code>sset</code> ). If you are not using any of the synchronous clear options, select <b>Not used</b> .  The synchronous reset option is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only.

**Table 3: ALTDDIO\_BIDIR Parameter Settings**

This table lists the parameter settings for the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core. The ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core combines the ALTDDIO\_IN and ALTDDIO\_OUT IP core functionality into a single IP core, which instantiates bidirectional DDR ports.

Parameter	Description
Currently selected device family	Specify the Intel device family you are using.
Width: (bits)	Specify the width of the data buses.
Asynchronous clear and asynchronous set ports	Select <b>Use 'aclr' port</b> for asynchronous clear ( <code>aclr</code> ). Select <b>Use 'aset' port</b> for asynchronous preset ( <code>aset</code> ).  If you are not using any of the asynchronous clear options, select <b>Not used</b> and specify whether registers should power up high or low by turning on/off <b>Registers power up high</b> .

Parameter	Description
Synchronous clear and synchronous set ports	Select <b>Use 'sclr' port</b> for synchronous clear (sclr). Select <b>Use 'sset' port</b> for synchronous preset (sset). If you are not using any of the synchronous clear options, select <b>Not used</b> .  The synchronous reset option is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only.
Invert 'padio' port	The 'padio' port is inverted whenever driven as an output. This option is available for Cyclone III and Cyclone II devices only.
Use 'inclocken' and 'outclocken' ports	Turn on this option to add a clock enable port to control when data input and output are clocked in. This signal prevents data from being passed through.
Use output enable port	Turn on this option to create an output enable input port (oe) to control when the data is set out to the dataout port.
Use oe_out port to connect to tri-state output buffer(s)	Output enable for the bidirectional padio port. This port is available for Stratix III and Cyclone III devices only.
Register 'oe' port	Turn on this option to register the output-enable (oe) input port.
Delay switch-on by a half clock cycle	Turn on this option to use an additional oe register. When the additional oe register is used, the output pin is held at high impedance for an extra half clock cycle after the oe port goes high.
Use 'combout' port	Use the optional data port combout. The combout port sends data to the core, bypassing the DDR I/O input registers. For bidirectional operation, you must enable the dataout_h and dataout_l ports, the combout port, or both.
Use 'dqsundelayedout' port	Creates undelayed output from the DQS pins. If you use the ALTDDIO_BIDIR IP core for your DQS signal in an external memory interface, you route the undelayed DQS signal to the LE, in Stratix II and Stratix devices. This option is available in Stratix, Stratix GX, and HardCopy Stratix devices only.
Use 'dataout_h' and 'dataout_l' ports	Enables the dataout_h and dataout_l ports.
Implement input registers in LEs	Implements the input path in logic elements. This option is available only if the dataout_h and dataout_l ports are enabled.

# ALTDDIO Functional Description

## DDR Device Configuration

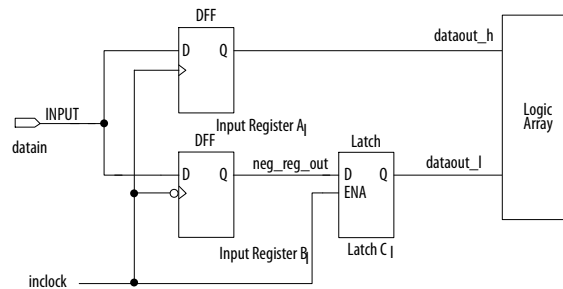
The following sections describe how the DDR registers are configured in the Stratix series and APEX II devices.

### Input Configuration

When the IOE is configured as an input pin, input registers  $A_I$  and  $B_I$  and latch  $C_I$  implement the input path for DDR I/O.

**Figure 1: Input DDR I/O Path Configuration for a Stratix Series or APEX II Device**

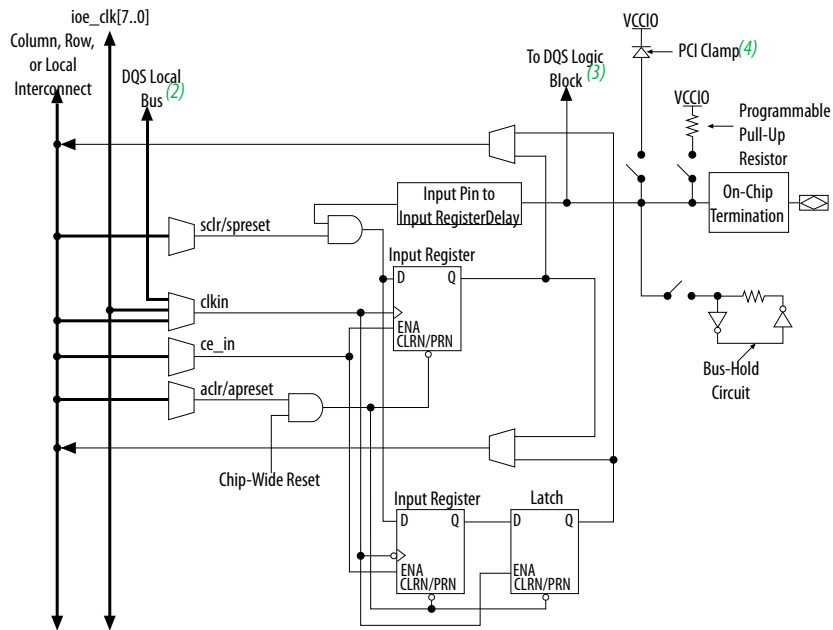
This figure shows an IOE configured for DDR inputs for a Stratix series or APEX II device.



**Note:** On the falling edge of the clock, the negative-edge triggered register  $B_I$  acquires the first data bit. On the corresponding rising edge of the clock, the positive-edge triggered register  $A_I$  acquires the second data bit. For a successful data transfer to the logic array, the latch  $C_I$  synchronizes the data from register  $B_I$  to the positive edge of the clock.

**Figure 2: Stratix II IOE in DDR Input I/O Configuration**

This figure shows an IOE configured for DDR inputs for a Stratix or Stratix II device.



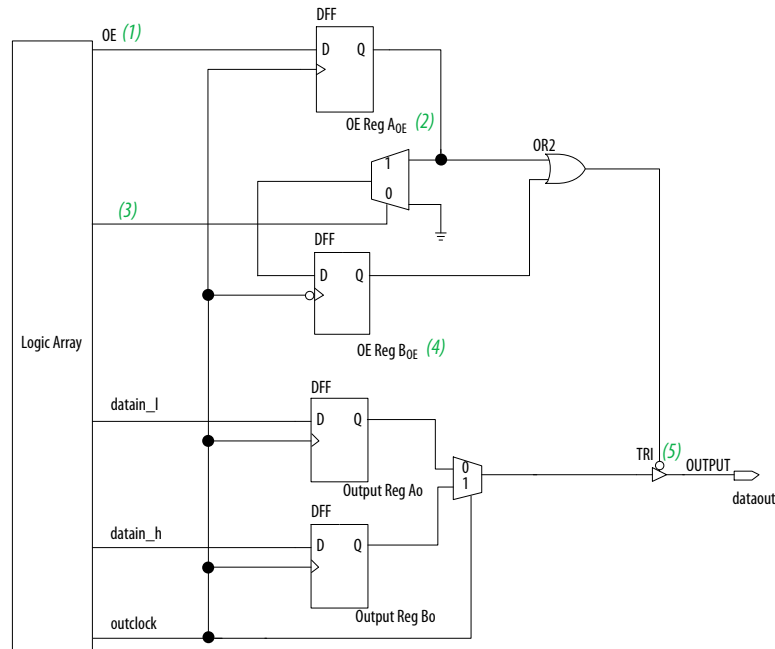
- 1) All input signals to the IOE can be inverted at the IOE.
- 2) This signal connection is only allowed on dedicated DQ function pins.
- 3) This signal is for dedicated DQS function pins only.
- 4) The optional PCI clamp is only available on column I/O pins.

## Output Configuration

The dedicated output registers for Stratix series and APEX II devices are labeled  $A_O$  and  $B_O$ . These positive-edge triggered registers and a multiplexer are used to implement the output path for DDR I/O.

**Figure 3: Output DDR I/O Path Configuration for Stratix Series and APEX II Devices**

This figure shows the IOE configuration for DDR outputs in Stratix series and APEX II devices.



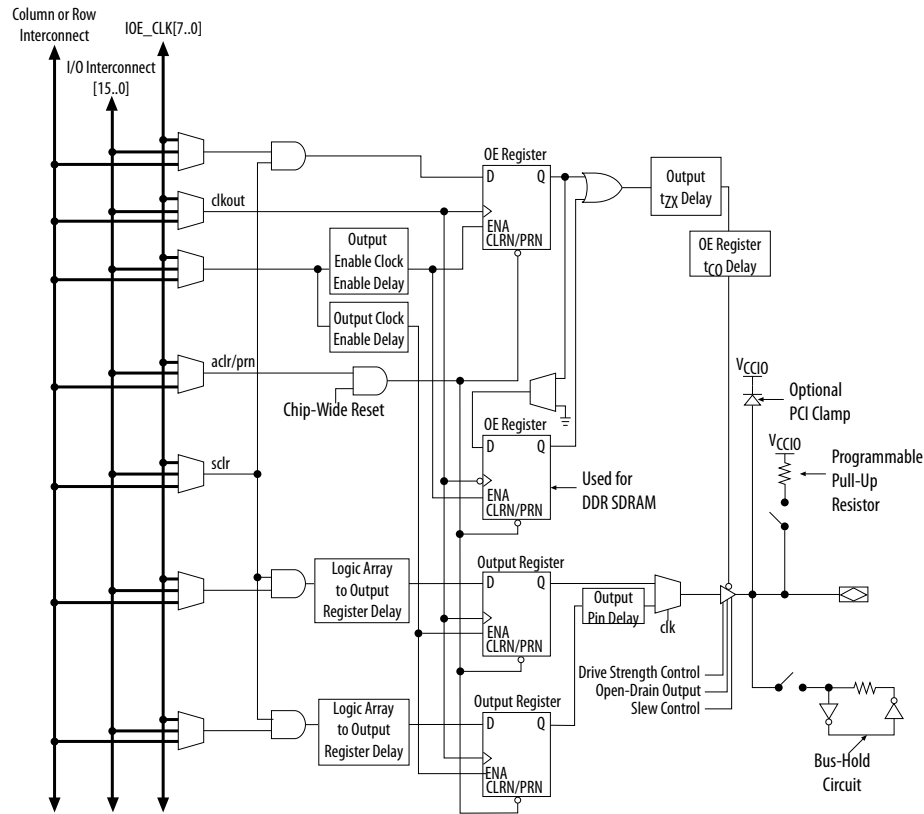
- 1) The OE is active low, but the Quartus Prime software implements this as active high and automatically adds an inverter before the input to the AOE register during compilation. If desired, you can change the OE back to active low.
- 2) Register AOE generates the enable signal for general-purpose DDR I/O applications.
- 3) This select line corresponds to the delay switch-on by a half clock cycle option in the Parameter Editor.
- 4) Register BOE generates the delayed enable signal for DDR SDRAM applications.
- 5) The tri-state is active high by default. However, you can design it to be active low.

On the positive edge of the clock, a high data bit and a low data bit are captured in registers  $A_O$  and  $B_O$ . The outputs of these two registers are fed to the input of a 2-to-1 multiplexer, which uses the output register clock as its control signal. A high clock selects the data in register  $B_O$ , and a low level of the clock selects the data in register  $A_O$ . This process doubles the data at the I/O pin.



**Figure 4: Stratix IOE in DDR Output I/O Configuration**

This figure shows the IOE configuration for DDR outputs in Stratix series devices



### Bidirectional Configuration

Input and output registers are independent of each other, enabling the bidirectional DDR I/O path to be implemented entirely in the I/O element for Stratix, Stratix GX, and APEX II devices. The bidirectional configuration includes an input path, an output path, and two output enable registers.

The bidirectional path consists of two data flow paths:

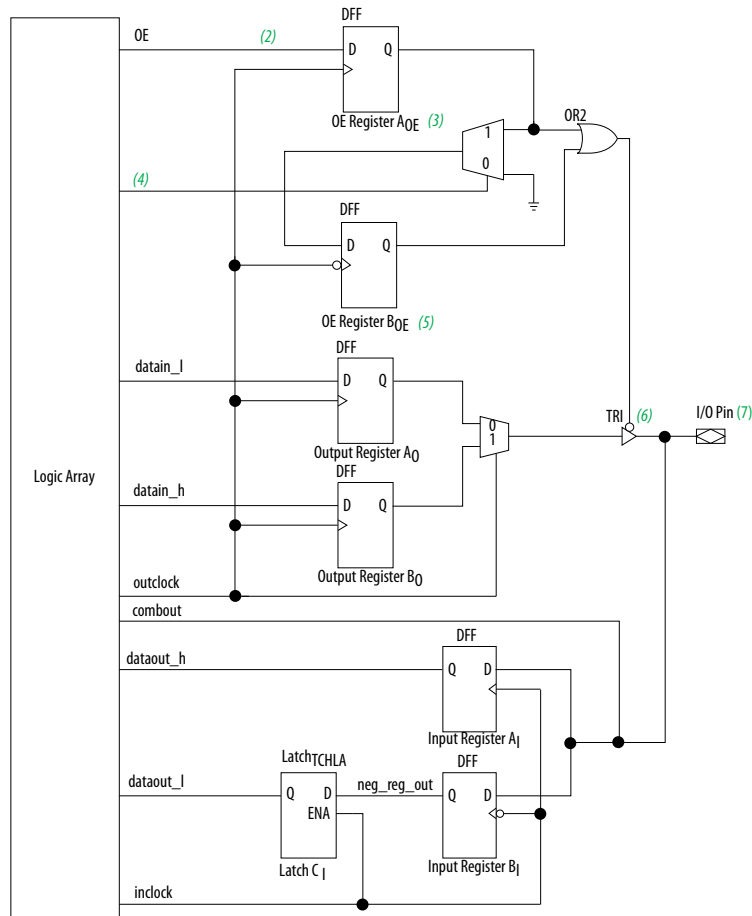
- Input path active
- Output path active

When the input path is active, the output enable disables the tri-state buffer, which prevents data from being sent out on the output path. Disabling the tri-state buffer prevents contention at the I/O pin. The input path behaves like the input configuration as shown in Figure 3-1 on page 3-1. When the output path is active, the output enable register AOE controls the flow of data from the output registers. During outgoing transactions, the bidirectional configuration behaves like the output configuration as shown in Figure 3-3 on page 3-3. The second output enable register ( $B_{OE}$ ) is used for DDR SDRAM interfaces. This negative-edge register extends the high-impedance state of the pin by a half clock cycle. This option is useful to provide the write preamble for the DQS strobe in the DDR SDRAM interfaces. This feature is enabled by using the **Delay switch-on by a half clock cycle** option in the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core in the Quartus II software. You can bypass the input registers and latch to get a combinational output (`combout`)

from the pin going into the APEX II or Stratix series device. Furthermore, the input data ports (`dataout_h` and `dataout_l`) can be disabled. These features are especially useful for generating data strobes like DQS.

**Figure 5: Bidirectional DDR I/O Path Configuration**

This figure shows the bidirectional DDR I/O configuration for Stratix series and APEX II devices.



- 1) All control signals can be inverted at the IOE.
- 2) The OE signal is active low, but the Quartus II software implements this as active high and automatically adds an inverter before input to the AOE register during compilation. If desired, you can change the OE back to active low.
- 3) The AOE register generates the enable signal for general-purpose DDR I/O applications.
- 4) This line selects whether the OE signal should be delayed by half a clock cycle.
- 5) The BOE register generates the delayed enable signal for the write strobes or write clocks for memory interfaces.
- 6) The tri-state enable is by default active low. You can, however, design it to be active high.
- 7) You can also have combinational output to the I/O pin. This path is not shown in the diagram.

### Related Information

- [Stratix II Architecture](#)  
For more information about clock signals and output enable signals for Stratix series
- [APEX II Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet](#)  
For more information about clock signals and output enable signals for APEX II devices
- [Implementing Double Data Rate I/O Signaling in Cyclone Devices](#)  
For more information about the DDR registers in Cyclone devices

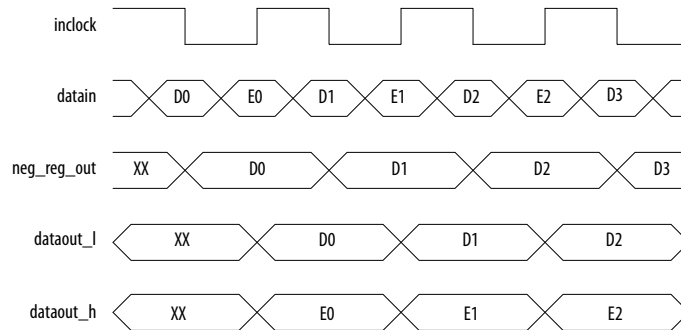
- **Implementing Double Data Rate I/O Signaling in Cyclone Devices**

For more information about the DDR registers in Cyclone devices

## DDR I/O Timing

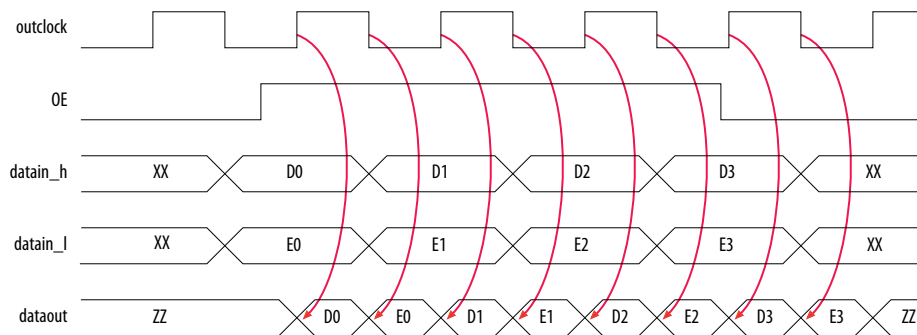
**Figure 6: DDR I/O Input Timing Waveform**

This figure shows the functional timing waveform for the input path. The signal names are the port names used in the ALTDDIO\_IN IP core. The `datain` signal is the input from the pin to the DDR circuitry. The output of register  $B_I$  is `neg_reg_out`. The output of latch  $C_I$  is `dataout_1`, and the output of register  $A_I$  is `dataout_h`. `dataout_h` and `dataout_1` feed the logic array and show the conversion of the data from a DDR implementation to positive-edge triggered data.



**Figure 7: DDR I/O Output Timing Waveform**

This figure shows a functional timing waveform example for the output path with the output enable registered. In this example, the **delay switch-on by a half clock cycle** is not turned on, so the second output enable register ( $B_{OE}$ ) is not used. The output enable signal `OE` is active high and can be driven from a pin or internal logic. The data signals `datain_l` and `datain_h` are driven from the logic array to output registers  $A_O$  and  $B_O$ . The `dataout` signal is the output from the DDR circuitry to the pin.



The waveform in the figure reflects the software simulation results. The `OE` signal is active low in silicon; however, the Intel Quartus® Prime software implements this as active high and automatically adds an inverter before the D input of the  $A_{OE}$  register. You can change the `OE` back to active low, if desired.

## Design Example: 8-Bit DDR Divider Using ALTDDIO\_BIDIR

This section presents a design example that uses the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core to generate a divider. When you are finished with this example, you can incorporate it into your overall project.

In this example, you perform the following tasks:

- Create a divider using the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR and lpm\_divide IP cores, and the parameter editor
- Implement the design and assign the Stratix EP1S10F780C6 device to the project
- Compile and simulate the design

### Generate a Divider Using ALTDDIO\_BIDIR

The new IP core created in this example is added to the top-level file in your Intel Quartus Prime project.

#### Create the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP Core

Follow these steps to create the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core.

1. Unzip the **ALTDDIO\_DesignExample\_ex2.zip** file to any working directory on your PC.
2. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, open the **ex2.qar** project .
3. In the IP catalog, double-click **ALTDDIO\_BIDIR**.
4. Specify the IP variation file name and click **OK**.
5. In the parameter editor pages, select or verify the configuration settings shown in the following table. Click **Next** to advance from one page to the next.

Parameter Editor Page	Parameter	Value
2a	Which megafunction would you like to customize	In the I/O folder, select <b>ALTDDIO_BIDIR</b>
	<b>Which device family will you be using?</b>	Stratix
	<b>Which type of output file do you want to create?</b>	VHDL
	<b>What name do you want for the output file?</b>	alt_bid
	<b>Return to this page for another create operation</b>	Turned off

Parameter Editor Page	Parameter	Value
3	Currently selected device family	Stratix IV
	Match project/default	Turned on
	Width: (bits)	8
	Use 'aclr' port	Turned off
	Use 'aset' port	Turned off
	Not used	Turned on
	Registers power up high	Turned off
	Use 'sclr' port	Turned off
	Use 'sset' port	Turned off
	Not used	Turned on
	Invert 'padio' port	Turned off
4	Use 'inclocken' and 'outclocken' ports	Turned off
	Use output enable port	Turned on
	Use 'oe_out' port to connect to tri-state output buffer(s)	Turned off
	Register 'oe' port	Turned off
	Delay switch-on by half a clock cycle	Turned off
	Use 'combout' port	Turned off
	Use 'dqsundelayedout' port	Turned off
	Use 'dataout_h' and 'dataout_l' ports	Turned on
Implement input registers in LEs	Turned off	
5	Generate netlist	Turned off
6	<b>Variation file</b>	Turned on
	Intel Quartus Prime IP file	Turned on
	<b>Intel Quartus Prime symbol file (.bsf)</b>	Turned off
	<b>Instantiation template file</b>	Turned on
	<b>Verilog HDL black box file (_bb.v)</b>	Turned on
	<b>AHDL Include file (.inc)</b>	Turned off
	<b>VHDL component declaration file (.cmp)</b>	Turned on
<b>PinPlanner ports file (.PPF)</b>	Turned on	

6. Click **Finish**.

The ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core variation is now built.

**Related Information****Design Example 2: 8-Bit DDR Divider Using ALTDDIO\_BIDIR****Create the LPM\_DIVIDE IP core**

Follow these steps to create the `lpm_divide` IP core.

1. On the Tools menu, select **IP Catalog**.
2. In the IP catalog, double-click **LPM\_DIVIDE**.
3. Specify the IP variation file name and click **OK**.
4. In the parameter editor pages, select or verify the configuration settings shown in the following table. Click **Next** to advance from one page to the next.

Page	Parameter	Value
2a	Which megafunction would you like to customize	In the <b>Arithmetic</b> folder, select <b>LPM_DIVIDE</b>
	<b>Which device family will you be using?</b>	Stratix
	<b>Which type of output file do you want to create?</b>	VHDL
	<b>What name do you want for the output file?</b>	lp_div
	<b>Return to this page for another create operation</b>	Turned off
3	<b>Currently selected device family</b>	Stratix IV
	<b>Match project/default</b>	Turned on
	<b>How wide should the 'numerator' input bus be?</b>	8
	<b>How wide should the 'denominator' input bus be?</b>	8
	<b>Numerator Representation</b>	Select <b>Unsigned</b>
	<b>Denominator Representation</b>	Select <b>Unsigned</b>
4	<b>Do you want to pipeline the function?</b>	Select <b>Yes, I want an output latency of 1 clock cycle</b>
	Create an Asynchronous Clear input	Turned off
	Create a Clock Enable input	Turned off
	Which do you wish to optimize?	Select <b>Default Optimization</b>
	Always return a positive remainder?	Select <b>Yes</b>
5	Generate netlist	Turned off

Page	Parameter	Value
6	<b>Variation file</b>	Turned on
	Quartus II IP file	Turned on
	<b>Quartus II symbol file (.bsf)</b>	Turned off
	<b>Instantiation template file</b>	Turned on
	<b>Verilog HDL black box file (_bb.v)</b>	Turned on
	<b>AHDL Include file (.inc)</b>	Turned off
	<b>VHDL component declaration file (.cmp)</b>	Turned on
	<b>PinPlanner ports file (.PPF)</b>	Turned on

5. Click **Finish**.

The `lpm_divide` IP core variation is now built.

## Create a Divider

Use the following steps to combine the `ALTDDIO_BIDIR` and `lpm_divide` IP cores to create a divider.

Follow these steps to create a top-level VHDL file:

1. In the Intel Quartus Prime software, with the `ex2.qar` project open, open the file `ex2.vhd`.
2. On the Project menu, click **Add/Remove File in Project**. The **File Settings** page displays.
3. In the **File Settings** window, click (...) after **File name** and browse for `ex2.vhd` in the project folder.
4. Select `ex2.vhd` and click **Add**.
5. Click **OK**.

The top-level file is added to the project. You have now created the complete design file.

This design implements the divider with the functionality of the `ALTDDIO_IN` and `ALTDDIO_OUT` IP cores implemented in a single IP core, `ALTDDIO_BIDIR`. The bidirectional pins `DDR_BIDIR8[7..0]` receive data at double the clock rate. The `DDR_BIDIR8_OUT_H[7..0]` signals are the numerator and the `DDR_BIDIR8_OUT_L[7..0]` signals are the denominator. These two sets of signals are passed to the `lpm_divide` IP core where the quotient and remainder are calculated. The divider calculates the quotient and remainder with a one-stage pipeline. The quotient and remainder are then fed via signals `quotient[7..0]` and `remain[7..0]` back to the `ALTDDIO_BIDIR` megafunction. The `ALTDDIO_BIDIR` megafunction then drives the data out through pins `DDR_BIDIR8[7..0]` at double the data rate.

## Implement the Divider Design

This section describes how to assign the Stratix EP1S10F780C6 device to the project and compile the project.

1. With the `ex2.qar` project open, on the **Assignments** menu, click **Settings**. The **Settings** dialog box displays.
2. In the **Category** list, select **Device**.
3. To answer **Which device family will you be using?**, select **Stratix**.
4. Under **Target device**, select **Specific device selected in 'Available devices' list**.
5. In the **Available devices** list, select **EP1S10F780C6**.

6. Under **Show in 'Available devices' list**, select **FBGA** as the **Package**, **Pin count** of **780**, **Speed grade** of **6**, and turn on **Show Advanced Devices**.
7. Click **OK**.
8. On the Processing menu, click **Start Compilation**.
9. When the **Full Compilation was successful** box displays, click **OK**.

## Functional Results—Simulate the Divider Design in the ModelSim® - Intel FPGA Edition Software

Simulate the design in the ModelSim® - Intel FPGA Edition software to generate a waveform display of the device behavior.

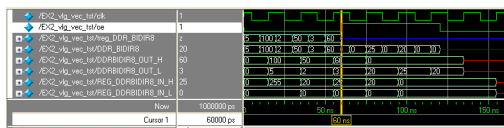
To set up the ModelSim - Intel FPGA Edition software, follow these steps:

1. Unzip the **ALTDDIO\_ex2\_msim.zip** file to any working directory on your PC.
2. Browse to the folder in which you unzipped the files and open the **ALTDDIO\_ex2.do** file in a text editor.
3. In line 1 of the **ALTDDIO\_ex2.do** file, replace `<insert_directory_path_here>` with the directory path of the appropriate library files. For example, `C:/altera/71/modelsim_ae/altera/verilog/stratix`
4. On the File menu, click **Save**.
5. Start **ModelSim - Intel FPGA Edition**.
6. On the File menu, click **Change Directory**.
7. Select the folder in which you unzipped the files. Click **OK**.
8. On the Tools menu, click **Execute Macro**.
9. Select the **ALTDDIO\_ex2.do** file and click **Open**. This is a script file for ModelSim that automates all the necessary settings for the simulation.
10. Verify the results by looking at the **Waveform Viewer** window.

You can rearrange signals, remove redundant signals, and change the radix by modifying the script in the **ALTDDIO\_ex2.do** file.

### Figure 8: ModelSim Simulation Results

This figure shows the expected simulation results in ModelSim - Intel FPGA Edition software.



#### Related Information

#### [Divider Design in the ModelSim Simulation](#)

## ALTDDIO\_IN IP Core Signals

These tables list the input and output ports for the ALTDDIO\_IN IP core.



Figure 9: ALTDDIO\_IN Ports

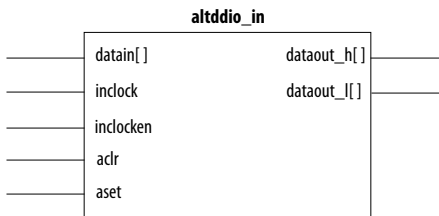


Table 4: ALTDDIO\_IN Input Ports

Name	Required	Description
datain[]	Yes	DDR input data port. Input port WIDTH wide. The datain port should be directly fed from an input pin in the top-level design.
inclock	Yes	Clock signal to sample the DDR input. The datain port is sampled on each clock edge of the inclock signal.
inclocken	No	Clock enable for the data clock
aclr	No	Asynchronous clear input. The aclr and aset ports cannot be connected at the same time.
aset	No	Asynchronous set input. The aclr and aset ports cannot be connected at the same time.
sclr	No	Synchronous clear input. The sclr and sset ports cannot be connected at the same time. The sclr port is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only. <sup>(1)</sup>
sset	No	Synchronous set input. The sclr and sset ports cannot be connected at the same time. The sset port is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only. <sup>(1)</sup>

Table 5: ALTDDIO\_IN Output Ports

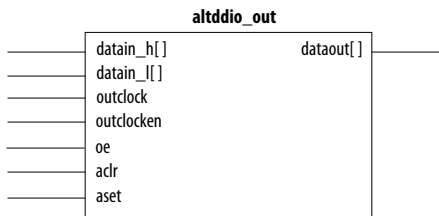
Name	Required	Description
dataout_h[]	Yes	Data sampled from datain[] port at the rising edge of the inclock signal.
dataout_l[]	Yes	Data sampled from datain[] port at the falling edge of the inclock signal.

## ALTDDIO\_OUT IP Core Signals

This figure shows the ports for the ALTDDIO\_OUT IP core.

<sup>(1)</sup> When designing with Stratix III devices, when sclr is asserted, it synchronously presets both the input path and resynchronization register.

Figure 10: ALTDDIO\_OUT Signals



These tables list the input and output ports for the ALTDDIO\_OUT IP core.

Table 6: ALTDDIO\_OUT Input Ports

Name	Required	Description
datain_h[]	Yes	Input data for rising edge of <code>outclock</code> port. Input port <code>WIDTH</code> wide.
datain_l[]	Yes	Input data for falling edge of <code>outclock</code> port. Input port <code>WIDTH</code> wide.
outclock	Yes	Clock signal to register data output. <code>dataout</code> port outputs DDR data on each level of <code>outclock</code> signal.
outclocken	No	Clock enable for <code>outclock</code> port.
aclr	No	Asynchronous clear input. The <code>aclr</code> and <code>aset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time.
aset	No	Asynchronous set input. The <code>aclr</code> and <code>aset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time.
oe	No	Output enable for the <code>dataout</code> port. Active-high signal. You can add an inverter if you need an active-low <code>oe</code> .
sclr	No	Synchronous clear input. The <code>sclr</code> and <code>sset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time. The <code>sclr</code> port is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only.
sset	No	Synchronous set input. The <code>sclr</code> and <code>sset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time. The <code>sset</code> port is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only.

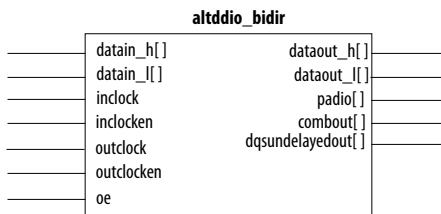
Table 7: ALTDDIO\_OUT Output Ports

Name	Required	Description
dataout[]	Yes	DDR output data port. Output port <code>WIDTH</code> wide. <code>dataout</code> port should directly feed an output pin in top-level design.
oe_out	No	Output enable for the bidirectional <code>padio</code> port. Output port <code>[WIDTH-1..0]</code> wide. This port is available for Stratix III and Cyclone III devices only.

## ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP Core Signals

This figure shows the ports for the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core.

Figure 11: ALTDDIO\_BIDIR Ports



These tables list the output ports and the bidirectional ports for the ALTDDIO\_BIDIR IP core.

Table 8: ALTDDIO\_BIDIR Input Ports

Name	Required	Description
datain_h[]	Yes	Input data to be output to the <code>padio</code> port at the rising edge of the <code>outclock</code> port. Input port [(WIDTH) - (1)..0] wide.
datain_l[]	Yes	Input data to be output to the <code>padio</code> port at the falling edge of the <code>outclock</code> port. Input port [(WIDTH) - (1)..0] wide.
inclock	Yes	Clock signal to sample the DDR input. The <code>padio</code> port is sampled on each clock edge of the <code>inclock</code> signal.
inclocken	No	Clock enable for the <code>inclock</code> port.
outclock	Yes	Clock signal to register the data output. The <code>padio</code> port outputs the DDR data on each edge of the <code>outclock</code> signal.
outclocken	No	Clock enable for the <code>outclock</code> port.
aclr	No	Asynchronous clear input. The <code>aclr</code> and <code>aset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time.
aset	No	Asynchronous set input. The <code>aclr</code> and <code>aset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time.
oe	No	Output enable for the bidirectional <code>padio</code> port. If the <code>oe</code> port is not connected, then the <code>padio</code> port is an output port.
sclr	No	Synchronous clear input. The <code>sclr</code> and <code>sset</code> ports cannot be connected at the same time. The <code>sclr</code> port is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only. <sup>(2)</sup>

<sup>(2)</sup> When designing with Stratix III devices, when `sclr` is deasserted, it synchronously presents both the input path and resynchronization register.

Name	Required	Description
ssset	No	Synchronous set input. The sclr and sset ports cannot be connected at the same time. The sset port is available for Arria GX, Stratix III, Stratix II, Stratix II GX, Stratix, Stratix GX, HardCopy II, and HardCopy Stratix devices only. <sup>(2)</sup>

Table 9: ALTDDIO\_BIDIR Output Ports

Name	Required	Description
dataout_h[]	Yes	Data sampled from the padio port at the rising edge of the inclock signal. Output port [WIDTH-1..0] wide.
dataout_l[]	Yes	Data sampled from the padio port at the falling edge of the inclock signal. Output port [WIDTH-1..0] wide.
combout[](1)	No	Combinational output directly fed by the padio port. <sup>(3)</sup>
dqsundelayedout[]	No	Undelayed output from the DQS pins. Output port [WIDTH-1..0] wide. <sup>(4)</sup>
oe_out	No	Output enable for the bidirectional padio port. Output port [WIDTH-1..0] wide. This port is available for Stratix III and Cyclone III devices only.

Table 10: ALTDDIO\_BIDIR Bidirectional Port

Name	Required	Description
padio[]	Yes	Bidirectional DDR port that should directly feed a bidirectional pin in the top-level design. The DDR data is transmitted and received on this bidirectional port. Bidirectional port [(WIDTH) - (1)..0] wide.

## Verilog HDL Prototype

The Verilog HDL prototype is located in the <Intel Quartus Prime installation directory>\eda\synthesis\altera\_mf.v

## VHDL Component Declaration

You can locate VHDL component declaration in the VHDL Design File (.vhd) altera\_mf\_components.vhd in the <Intel Quartus Prime installation directory>\libraries\vhdl\altera\_mf directory.

<sup>(3)</sup> This port is available for Stratix series, HardCopy Stratix, Cyclone series, and APEX II devices only.

<sup>(4)</sup> This port is available for Stratix and HardCopy Stratix devices only.

## VHDL LIBRARY-USE Declaration

The VHDL LIBRARY-USE declaration is not required if you use the VHDL Component Declaration.

```
LIBRARY altera_mf;
USE altera_mf.altera_mf_components.all;
```

## Double Data Rate I/O (ALTDDIO\_IN, ALTDDIO\_OUT, and ALTDDIO\_BIDIR) IP Cores User Guide Archives

If an IP core version is not listed, the user guide for the previous IP core version applies.

IP Core Version	User Guide
15.0	<a href="#">Double Data Rate I/O (ALTDDIO_IN, ALTDDIO_OUT, and ALTDDIO_BIDIR) IP Cores User Guide</a>

## Document Revision History

The following table lists the revision history for this document.

**Table 11: Document Revision History**

Date	Version	Changes
June 2017	2017.06.19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added the Intel Cyclone 10 LP device family.</li> <li>Updated title of design example section.</li> <li>Renamed "MegaWizard Plug-In Manager" to "parameter editor" or "IP catalog".</li> <li>Renamed "megafunction" and "module" to "IP core".</li> <li>Renamed "Quartus II" to "Quartus Prime".</li> <li>Renamed "ModelSim-Altera" to "Modelsim - Intel FPGA Edition"</li> <li>Updated the steps to create the IP core variations.</li> </ul>
July 2015	2015.07.02	Updated Arria V, Cyclone V and Stratix V as supported devices.
January 2015	2015.01.23	Added link to design example file.
December 2014	2014.12.15	Template update.
January 2013	6.1	Updated to correct content error in "DDR I/O Timing" on page 3–7.
February 2012	6.0	Updated to refelect new GUI changes.
September 2010	5.0	Added ports and parameters.

Date	Version	Changes
June 2007	4.2	<p>Updated for Quartus II software version 7.1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Updated for Arria GX and Cyclone III devices.</li> <li>• Updated and renamed “DDR MegaWizard Plug-Ins Page Descriptions” section.</li> <li>• Added parameter to the ALTDDIO_IN megafunction.</li> <li>• Added “Referenced Documents” section.</li> </ul> <p>Updated “Revision History” and “How to Contact Altera” sections.</p>
March 2007	4.1	Added Cyclone III device to list of supported devices.
July 2006	4.0	Updated to reflect Quartus II 6.0 release, added ModelSim simulation information, updated design examples.
March 2005	3.0	Updated to reflect new GUI changes.
December 2004	2.0	Updated to reflect new document organization and GUI changes.