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## 2 RMM Software Build and Installation

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## Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>002</td>
<td>Maintenance release.</td>
<td>May 12, 2017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>001</td>
<td>Initial release.</td>
<td>February 9, 2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Introduction

1. Scope

This document provides the recommended installation and debug procedures for Intel® Rack Scale Design (Intel® RSD) Rack Management Module (RMM) Software version 2.1.x.

1.2 Intended audience

- Server rack management software vendors who are investigating Intel® RSD RMM API functionalities, such as discovery, composition, and management, in a single- or multi-vendor environment.
- Firmware vendors who are exploring Intel® RSD RMM API as a tool to offer easy firmware adoption/migration.

1.3 Referenced documents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Doc ID</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>335451</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Generic Assets Management Interface API Specification</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335452</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design BIOS &amp; BMC Technical Guide</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335501</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Architecture Specification</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335454</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Software Reference Kit Getting Started Guide</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335455</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Pod Manager API Specification</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335456</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Pod Manager Release Notes</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335457</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Pod Manager User Guide</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335458</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design PSME REST API Specification</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335459</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design PSME Release Notes</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335460</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design PSME User Guide</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335461</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Storage Services API Specification</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335462</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Rack Management Module (RMM) API Specification</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335463</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design RMM Release Notes</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335464</td>
<td>Intel® Rack Scale Design Software RMM User Guide</td>
<td>Intel.com/intelrsd_resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>Scalable Platforms Management API</td>
<td><a href="http://dmtf.org/standards/redfish">http://dmtf.org/standards/redfish</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.4 Definition of terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACL</td>
<td>Access Control List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BMC</td>
<td>Baseboard Management Controller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIMI</td>
<td>Cloud Infrastructure Management Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP</td>
<td>Hypertext Transfer Protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JSON</td>
<td>JavaScript Object Notation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lid</td>
<td>Localization ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OCCI</td>
<td>Open Cloud Computing Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OData</td>
<td>Open Data Protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OS</td>
<td>Operating System</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.5 Notes and symbol convention

Symbol and note convention are similar to typographical conventions used in CIMI specification.

Notation used in JSON serialization description:

- Values in italics indicate data types instead of literal values.
- Characters are appended to items to indicate cardinality:
  - "?" (0 or 1)
  - "*" (0 or more)
  - "+" (1 or more)
- Vertical bars, "|", denote choice. For example, "a|b" means a choice between "a" and "b".
- Parentheses, "(" and ")", are used to indicate the scope of the operators "?", "*", "+" and "|".
- Ellipses (i.e., "...") indicate points of extensibility. Note that the lack of an ellipses does not mean no extensibility point exists, rather it is just not explicitly called out.

---

1 RCPM is an equivalent of PODM run at the rack level and managing resources within this rack only.
2 RMM Software Build and Installation

2.1 Prerequisites

2.1.1 Intel® RSD RMM version 2.1.x source code

Refer to the Software Package Contents section of the Intel® RSD RMM Release Notes for the latest posted version of the RMM source code.

2.1.2 Configure server internet access

Intel® RSD RMM installation and debugging procedures may require access to the worldwide web. It is at the user’s discretion to setup proper networking, firewall, and proxy configurations.

2.1.3 OS package requirements

The following Linux® OS packages may be required for the Intel® RSD RMM 2.1.x compilation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu*</td>
<td>&gt;12.04</td>
<td>Operating System requirement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>build-essential</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Build tool chain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cmake</td>
<td>2.8.12</td>
<td>Make tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automake</td>
<td>1.4.1</td>
<td>Automate part of the compilation process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoconf</td>
<td>2.69</td>
<td>A tool to producing configuration file for compile.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.1.4 Linked third party libraries

The following opensource libraries have been linked to Intel® RSD RMM 2.1.x source code.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Source Link (suggested)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>jansson</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td><a href="http://www.digip.org/jansson/">http://www.digip.org/jansson/</a></td>
<td>Jansson is a C library for encoding, decoding and manipulating JSON data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>openssl*</td>
<td>1.0.1u</td>
<td><a href="http://www.openssl.org">http://www.openssl.org</a></td>
<td>The OpenSSL Project is a collaborative effort to develop a robust, commercial-grade, full-featured, and Open Source toolkit implementing the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL v2/v3) and Transport Layer Security (TLS v1) protocols as well as a full-strength general purpose cryptography library. This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Project for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit (<a href="http://www.openssl.org/">http://www.openssl.org/</a>) This product includes cryptographic software written by Eric Young (<a href="mailto:eay@cryptsoft.com">eay@cryptsoft.com</a>). This product includes software written by Tim Hudson (<a href="mailto:tjh@cryptsoft.com">tjh@cryptsoft.com</a>).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>libcurl</td>
<td>7.40.0</td>
<td><a href="http://curl.haxx.se">http://curl.haxx.se</a></td>
<td>Curl is a command line tool for transferring data specified with URL syntax. libcurl is a C library for transferring data specified with URL syntax. It is readily available to be used by your software.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flat UI</td>
<td>2.2.1</td>
<td><a href="https://github.com/designmodo/Flat-UI">https://github.com/designmodo/Flat-UI</a></td>
<td>Flat style theme for web UI.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 2.2 Building procedure

#### 2.2.1 Source Code

The RMM source code can be downloaded from the Intel® RSD Github Site located at [https://github.com/01org/IntelRSD](https://github.com/01org/IntelRSD).

Refer to the Intel® RSD Design Package Content section of the Intel® RSD Customer Release Notes for the Reference Number of the latest posted version of the RMM source code packages.

The user should implement the customized HAL driver code by following the GAMI specification. There is a stub version, for reference only, in the asset_module folder to help the user implement their own HAL driver.

#### 2.2.2 Build Intel® RSD RMM 2.1.x software

Combine the RMM reference stack code and RMM HAL driver code together:

1. Decompress the RMM package.
2. Copy or download the third party package to its proper location in RMM_{version}/src/deps/(third_party_library_name)/ if missing.
   
   Every third party library package should be named as it is in the first line of relevant CMakeLists.txt.
   
   Additionally, copy bootstrap-3.0.3-dist.zip and jquery-2.0.0.min.js to RMM_{version}/src/deps/flatui/.
3. Append ADD_SUBDIRECTORY(asset_module) in file RMM_{version}/src/module/CMakeLists.txt if missing.
4. Start the code compiling process:
   
   ```
   cd RMM_{version}/utils
   ./rmm_release.sh
   ```

5. Access the binaries:
   
   ```
   RMM_{version}/build/release
   ```

#### 2.2.3 Adding a signature to .deb files.

To add a signature to .deb packages you need to have a GPG key on your system. To confirm that a GPG key is on your system, run the following command:

```
gpg --list-key
```

You may want to create a new GPG key pair using the following command (this may take several minutes):

```
gpg --gen-key
```
To sign .deb packages, use the debsigs tool. If you do not have it on your system, run the following command to install it:

```bash
sudo apt install debsigs
```

To sign the RMM base package, use the following command:

```bash
debsigs --sign=origin -k <key ID> rmm-base.deb
```

Repeat the above command for each .deb package.

Follow this guide to exchange the GPG key you used to sign the packages with the recipient:


### 2.3 Installation procedure for binary

This procedure is for the user who has a pre-built binary.

First, untar the tarball of binaries:

```bash
tar -xvf rmm-{version}.tar.gz
```

If the .deb packages have signatures, you may want to verify them before installation. Follow the steps below to do that:

1. Install debsig-verify package if not installed:
   ```bash
   sudo apt install debsig-verify
   ```
2. To verify the base RMM package, run the following:
   ```bash
   sudo debsig-verify rmm-base.deb
   ```

If the above command fails, you may need to first import the public part of the PGP key pair that was used during package signing:

3. Import the GPG public key from a file:
   ```bash
   gpg --import <gpg-public-key-file>
   ```
4. Get the fingerprint of the key:
   ```bash
   gpg --fingerprint
   ```

Use the last 8 bytes and remove spaces, for example, if the fingerprint from the above command looks like this:

```
Key fingerprint = AEFD 42F3 1F2E CCA3 19AE 992C EBDE EB78 5B35 B559
```

The fingerprint needed for the next steps is EBDEEB785B35B559.

5. Create a keyring directory:
   ```bash
   sudo mkdir -p /usr/share/debsig/keyrings/<FINGERPRINT>
   ```
6. Import the public key to the keyring:
   ```bash
   sudo gpg --no-default-keyring --keyring
/usr/share/debsig/keyrings/<FINGERPRINT>/rmm.gpg --import <gpg-public-key>
   ```
7. Create a directory for the policy document:
   ```bash
   sudo mkdir -p /etc/debsig/policies/<FINGERPRINT>
   ```
8. Create an XML policy document. Use the following example:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<!DOCTYPE Policy SYSTEM "http://www.debian.org/debsig/1.0/policy.dtd">
<Policy xmlns="http://www.debian.org/debsig/1.0/">
```
9. Save the file in the policies directory you created under the name rmm.pol. Replace the IDs with the fingerprint of your public key and repeat the step for package signature verification for each RMM package.

10. Install the packages:
    cd rmm-{version}
    sudo dpkg -i *.deb

11. Start the RMM service:
    sudo service rmm start

2.4 Uninstallation procedure

1. Stop the RMM service:
    sudo service rmm stop

2. Remove the RMM packages:
    sudo dpkg --purge rmm-all
    sudo dpkg --purge rmm-consolecontrol
    sudo dpkg --purge rmm-api
    sudo dpkg --purge rmm-base

2.5 CM password encryption

1. To encrypt the CM password or username, use the encrypt tool with the format below:
   $ encrypt <password> <key_file>

2. Copy the output string to the RMM configuration file in the "UserName" or "Password" field.
   /etc/rmm/rmm.cfg

3. Copy the generated keyfile to directory /etc/rmm.
   - If the key file does not exist, the tool will generate a new one.
   - The tool can be built from rmm source code under the directory utils/encrypt_text.
   - The key must be 8 characters long.
   - The default key file name is "keyfile".

2.6 System dependencies

Installed RMM software requires additional to run some actions properly.

2.6.1 tftp service

For MBP update requests tftp service must be up and running. It must accept GET requests.
Configuration must be as follow:

- User: tftp
- Port: 69
- Directory: /srv/tftp.

Server directory must be writable for root user.

2.7 Debugging

2.7.1 RMM service

Check the RMM service status with the following command:

```bash
sudo service rmm status
```

Access the service log:

```bash
sudo cat /var/log/{component_name}/logfile
```

2.7.2 Memdb

Dump memdb and access the dumped content with the following commands:

```bash
sudo dumpmemdb
sudo cat /var/log/Memdb/dump.out
```

2.7.3 Minicom

Use minicom to connect to the CM console for debugging:

```bash
sudo minicom -D /dev/ttyCm2Console
```

Use the “--help” command to list all supported commands (e.g. the CM IP address).

2.7.4 Ipmitool

Use ipmitool to ensure the CM software stack is working correctly.

```bash
ipmitool -H {cm_ip} -U admin -P admin raw 0x06 0x01
```