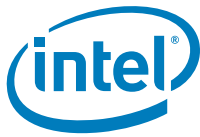


Intel® 9 Series Chipset Family Platform Controller Hub (PCH)

Thermal Mechanical Specifications and Design Guidelines (TMSDG)

May 2014



INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH INTEL PRODUCTS. NO LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN INTEL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR SUCH PRODUCTS, INTEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND INTEL DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, RELATING TO SALE AND/OR USE OF INTEL PRODUCTS INCLUDING LIABILITY OR WARRANTIES RELATING TO FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, MERCHANTABILITY, OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

A "Mission Critical Application" is any application in which failure of the Intel Product could result, directly or indirectly, in personal injury or death. SHOULD YOU PURCHASE OR USE INTEL'S PRODUCTS FOR ANY SUCH MISSION CRITICAL APPLICATION, YOU SHALL INDEMNIFY AND HOLD INTEL AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES, SUBCONTRACTORS AND AFFILIATES, AND THE DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AND EMPLOYEES OF EACH, HARMLESS AGAINST ALL CLAIMS COSTS, DAMAGES, AND EXPENSES AND REASONABLE ATTORNEYS' FEES ARISING OUT OF, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY CLAIM OF PRODUCT LIABILITY, PERSONAL INJURY, OR DEATH ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF SUCH MISSION CRITICAL APPLICATION, WHETHER OR NOT INTEL OR ITS SUBCONTRACTOR WAS NEGLIGENT IN THE DESIGN, MANUFACTURE, OR WARNING OF THE INTEL PRODUCT OR ANY OF ITS PARTS.

Intel may make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time, without notice. Designers must not rely on the absence or characteristics of any features or instructions marked "reserved" or "undefined." Intel reserves these for future definition and shall have no responsibility whatsoever for conflicts or incompatibilities arising from future changes to them. The information here is subject to change without notice. Do not finalize a design with this information.

The products described in this document may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. Current characterized errata are available on request.

Contact your local Intel sales office or your distributor to obtain the latest specifications and before placing your product order.

Copies of documents which have an order number and are referenced in this document, or other Intel literature, may be obtained at: <http://www.intel.com/design/literature.htm>

All products, computer systems, dates and figures specified are preliminary based on current expectations, and are subject to change without notice.

This document contains information on products in the design phase of development.

Intel® Virtualization Technology requires a computer system with an enabled Intel® processor, BIOS, and virtual machine monitor (VMM). Functionality, performance or other benefits will vary depending on hardware and software configurations. Software applications may not be compatible with all operating systems. Consult your PC manufacturer. For more information, visit: <http://www.intel.com/go/virtualization>

Low Halogen - Applies only to brominated and chlorinated flame retardants (BFRs/CFRs) and PVC in the final product. Intel components as well as purchased components on the finished assembly meet J-709 requirements, and the PCB/Substrate meet IEC 61249-2-21 requirements. The replacement of halogenated flame retardants and/or PVC may not be better for the environment.

Intel processor numbers are not a measure of performance. Processor numbers differentiate features within each processor family, not across different processor families. Go to: [Learn About Intel® Processor Numbers](#)

Code names featured are used internally within Intel to identify products that are in development and not yet publicly announced for release. Customers, licensees and other third parties are not authorized by Intel to use code names in advertising, promotion or marketing of any product or services and any such use of Intel's internal code names is at the sole risk of the user.

Intel and the Intel logo are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the U.S. and other countries.

*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

Copyright © 2014, Intel Corporation. All rights reserved.



Contents

1	Introduction	6
1.1	Related Documents	6
1.2	Terminology	7
2	Packaging Mechanical Specifications	9
2.1	PCH Package for Single Processor Desktop	9
2.2	Solder Balls	11
2.3	Package Mechanical Requirements	11
3	Thermal Specifications	13
3.1	Thermal Design Power (TDP)	13
3.2	Thermal Specifications	13
3.3	Storage Specifications	15
4	Thermal Simulation	16
5	Thermal Metrology	17
5.1	T _{CASE} Temperature Measurements	17
5.1.1	Heatsink Thermocouple Attach Methodology	17
5.2	Ambient Temperature and Airflow Measurement	18
5.3	Thermal Mechanical Test Vehicle (TMTV)	20
6	Advanced Technology eXtended (ATX) Reference Thermal Solution	21
6.1	Reference Solution	21
6.2	Environmental Reliability Requirements	23

Figures

2-1	Package Dimensions (Top View)	9
2-2	Package Dimensions (Side View)	10
2-3	Package (Land Side View)	10
5-1	Thermal Solution Decision Flow Chart	17
5-2	Heatsink Modifications	18
5-3	Top View of Package	18
5-4	Airflow and Temperature Measurement Locations	19
6-1	Velocity Boundary Condition Assessment	22
6-2	Reference Thermal Solution	22

Tables

1-1	Related Documents	6
1-2	Terminology	7
3-1	PCH Thermal Specifications	13
3-2	PCH Thermal Design Power (TDP) Workload Running Simultaneously	14
3-3	PCH Thermal Design Power (TDP) Configuration	14
3-4	PCH Idle Power Configuration	15
3-5	Storage Conditions	15
6-1	Reference Thermal Solution Environmental Reliability Requirements	23



Revision History

Revision Number	Description	Revision Date
001	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Initial release	May 2014

§



1 Introduction

The goals of this document are to:

- Outline the thermal and mechanical operating limits and specifications for the Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) Desktop for use in single processor systems for desktop platforms.
- Describe reference thermal solutions that meet the specifications of the PCH.

Refer to the Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) Datasheet for desktop components supported in this document.

Note:

Unless otherwise specified, the term “Platform Controller Hub” or “PCH” will be used to refer to any version of the chipset for the Desktop. Only where required will a specific product code be used.

Properly designed thermal solutions provide adequate cooling to maintain the Platform Controller Hub case (or junction) temperatures at or below thermal specifications. This is accomplished by providing a low local-ambient temperature, ensuring adequate local airflow, and minimizing the case to local-ambient thermal resistance. By maintaining the PCH case (or junction) temperature at or below the specified limits, a system designer can ensure the proper functionality, performance, and reliability of the PCH. Operation outside the functional limits can cause data corruption or permanent damage to the component.

The simplest and most cost-effective method to improve the inherent system cooling characteristics is through careful chassis design and placement of fans, vents, and ducts. When additional cooling is required, component thermal solutions may be implemented in conjunction with system thermal solutions. The size of the fan or heatsink can be varied to balance size and space constraints with acoustic noise.

1.1 Related Documents

The reader of this specification should also be familiar with material and concepts presented in the following documents.

Table 1-1. Related Documents

Title	Document Number / Location
Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) Datasheet	330550
Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) Specification Update	330551
Various system thermal design suggestions	http://www.formfactors.org

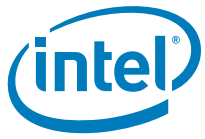


1.2 Terminology

Table 1-2. Terminology

Item	Description
BLT	Bond Line Thickness. Final settled thickness of the thermal interface material after installation of the heatsink.
CTE	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion. The relative rate a material expands during a thermal event.
FC-BGA	Flip Chip Ball Grid Array. A package type defined by a plastic substrate where a die is mounted using an underfill C4 (Controlled Collapse Chip Connection) attach style. The primary electrical interface is an array of solder balls attached to the substrate opposite the die. Note that the device arrives at the customer with solder balls attached.
MD	Metal Defined pad is one where a pad is individually etched into the PCB with a minimum width trace exiting it
PCH	Platform Controller Hub. The PCH is connected to the processor using the Direct Media Interface (DMI) and the Intel® Flexible Display Interface (Intel® FDI)
SMD	The Solder Mask Defined pad is typically a pad in a flood plane where the solder mask opening defines the pad size for soldering to the component.
TDP	Thermal design power. Thermal solutions should be designed to dissipate this power level. TDP is not the peak power that the PCH can dissipate.
TIM	Thermal Interface Material. A conductive material used between the component and heatsink to improve thermal conduction.
TMTV	Thermal Mechanical Test Vehicle. A mechanically equivalent package that contains a resistive heater in the die to evaluate thermal solutions. The package has daisy chain connections for use in evaluation of solder joint reliability.

§ §

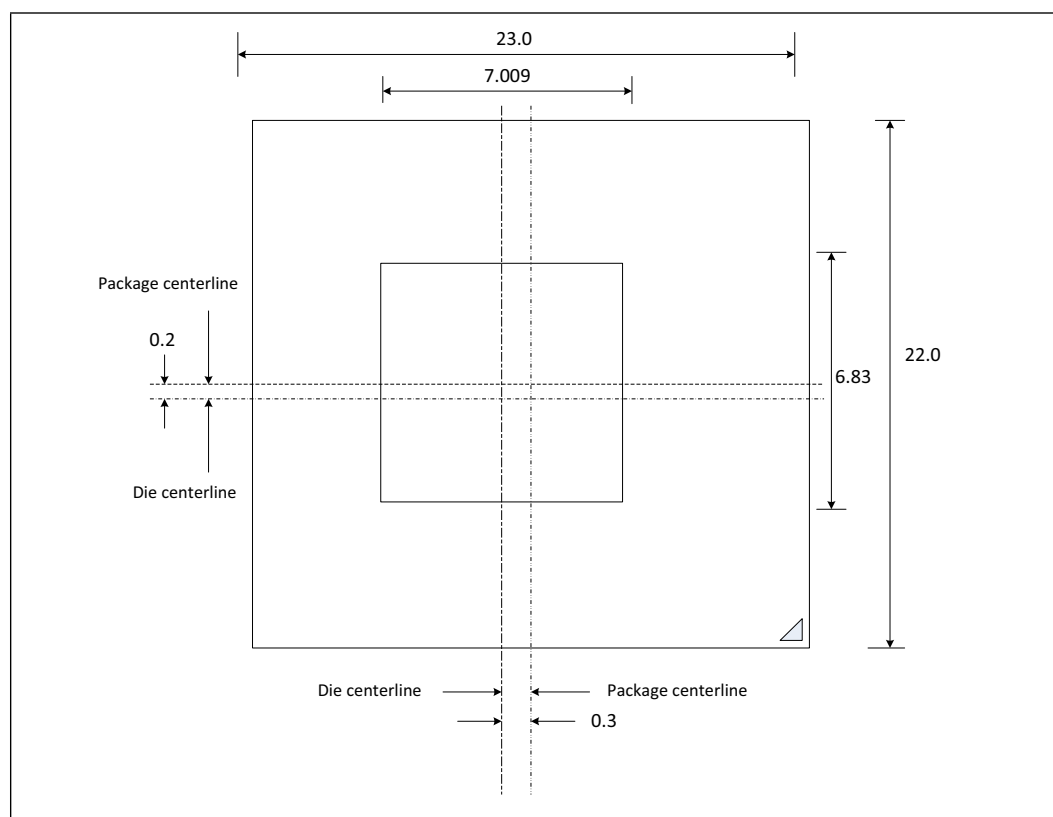


2 Packaging Mechanical Specifications

2.1 PCH Package for Single Processor Desktop

The Platform Controller Hub uses a 22mm x 23mm square flip chip ball grid array (FC-BGA) package (see [Figure 2-1](#) through [Figure 2-3](#)). The complete package drawing can be found in [Appendix B](#).

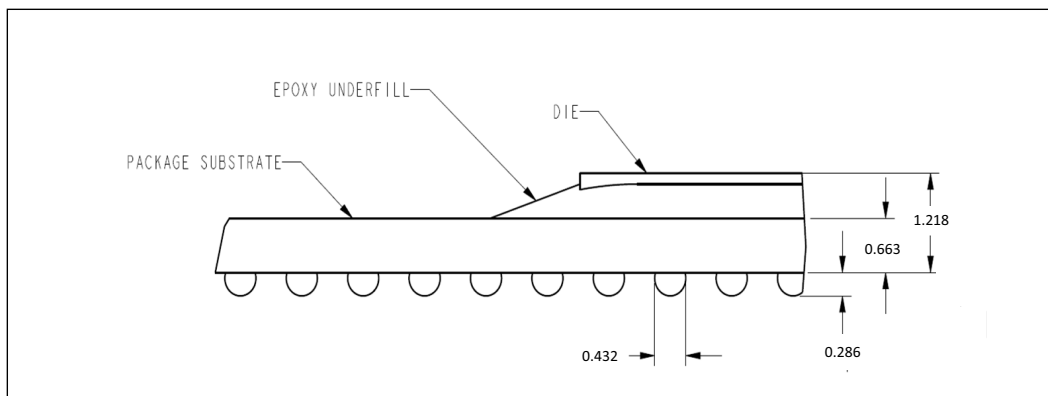
Figure 2-1. Package Dimensions (Top View)



Notes:

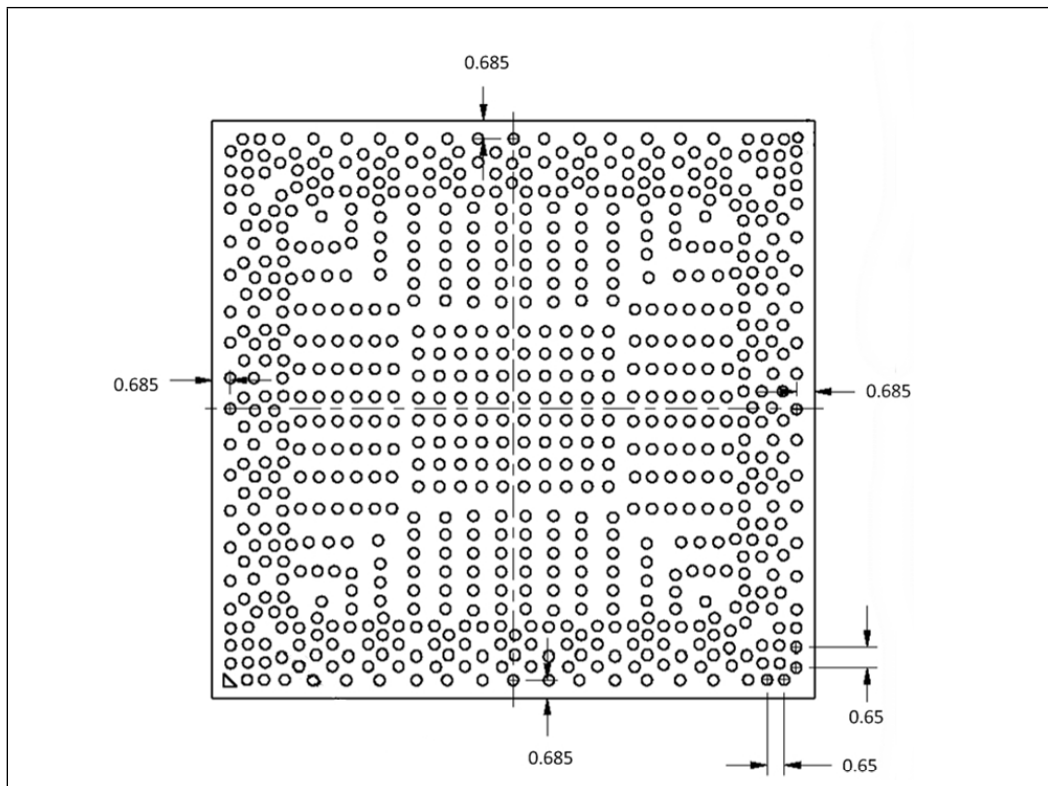
1. All dimensions in mm
2. Drawing not to scale

Figure 2-2. Package Dimensions (Side View)



Note: All dimensions in mm

Figure 2-3. Package (Land Side View)



Note: All dimensions in mm



2.2 Solder Balls

A total of 708 solder balls corresponding to the lands are on the bottom of the PCH package for surface mounting with the motherboard. The package solder ball has the following characteristics:

- Lead-free SAC (SnAgCu) 405 solder alloy with a silver (Ag) content between 3% and 4% and a melting temperature of approximately 217 °C. The alloy is compatible with immersion silver (ImAg) and Organic Solderability Protectant (OSP) motherboard surface finishes and a SAC alloy solder paste.
- Solder ball diameter 16 mil [0.4138 mm], before attaching to the package.

2.3 Package Mechanical Requirements

The package has a bare die that is capable of sustaining a maximum static normal load of 15 lbf (67N). These mechanical load limits must not be exceeded during heatsink installation, mechanical stress testing, standard shipping conditions, and/or any other use condition.

Note: The heatsink attach solutions must not induce continuous stress to the package with the exception of a uniform load to maintain the heatsink-to-package thermal interface.

Note: These specifications apply to uniform compressive loading in a direction perpendicular to the die top surface.

Note: These specifications are based on limited testing for design characterization. Loading limits are for the package only.







3 Thermal Specifications

To ensure proper operation and reliability of the PCH, the case (or junction) temperature must be at or below the maximum value specified in [Table 3-1](#). System and/or component level thermal solutions are required to maintain these temperature specifications. [Chapter 5](#) provides the thermal metrology guidelines for case (or junction) temperature measurements.

3.1 Thermal Design Power (TDP)

Real applications are unlikely to cause the PCH component to consume maximum power dissipation for sustained time periods. Therefore, to arrive at a more realistic power level for thermal design purposes, Intel characterizes power consumption to reach a Thermal Design Power (TDP). TDP is the target power level to which the thermal solutions should be designed. TDP is not the maximum power that the PCH can dissipate (see [Table 3-1](#)).

TDP condition is a set of applications when run simultaneously, would stress all its features and dissipate power equivalent to TDP in the worst leakage scenario (see [Table 3-2](#)). The configuration of PCH TDP is in [Table 3-3](#).

3.2 Thermal Specifications

The data in [Table 3-1](#) is based on pre-silicon estimates for the PCH. The TDP, Idle, and S3 values are based on system configuration. Intel recommends designing the PCH thermal solution to the TDP for maximum flexibility and reuse. The PCH package has poor heat transfer capability into the board and minimal thermal capability without thermal solutions. Intel requires that system designers plan for an attached heatsink when using the PCH. The reference thermal solution is described in [Chapter 6](#).

Table 3-1. PCH Thermal Specifications

Parameter	Value	Notes
$T_{CASE-MAX}$	104 °C	
$T_{CASE-MIN}$	0 °C	
$T_{j,max}$	108 °C	
TDP	4.1 W	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The value is based on system configuration and applications running simultaneously, see Table and Table 3-4. The value measurement is based on a core voltage of 1.05 V and T_j of $T_{j,max}$
Idle	0.700 W	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The value is based on system configuration, see Table 3-4. The value measurement is based on a core voltage of 1.05 V and T_j of 50 °C.
S3	0.091 W	

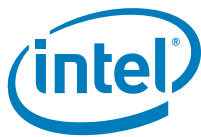


Table 3-2. PCH Thermal Design Power (TDP) Workload Running Simultaneously

TDP Workload Description (Applications running concurrently)
1080P HD video callover PCIe Read from USB2 Port 3, write to SATA Port 2/3 Read from SATA Port 4/5, write to USB2 Port 10 Read from SATA Port 4/5, write to USB2 Port 11 Read from SATA Port 4/5, write to USB2 Port 12 Read from SATA Port 4/5, write to USB3 Port 2 Read from USB3 Port 2, write to SATA Port 2/3 HDMI video input from TV Local network file transfer

Table 3-3. PCH Thermal Design Power (TDP) Configuration

PCH Interfaces	Peripherals and Plug-ins
FDI Port 1	VGA External Flat Panel, 1920x1080 60 Hz
USB3 Port 0	USB3 SSD
USB3 Port 1	Flash thumb drive
USB2 Port 0	Keyboard
USB2 Port 1	Mouse
USB2 Port 2	Digital Camera
USB2 Port 3	Webcam
USB2 Port 4	Media card reader
USB2 Port 5	No connection
USB2 Port 6	Game controller
USB2 Port 7	No connection
USB2 Port 8	Flash thumb drive
USB2 Port 9	Flash thumb drive
USB2 Port 10	USB external hard disk
USB2 Port 11	MP3 player
USB2 Port 12	Flash thumbdrive
USB2 Port 13	No connection
SATA Port 0	SATA Gen1 Optical disk drive
SATA Port 1	Raid 0 Hard drive array (SATA Gen3)
SATA Port 2	Raid 0 Hard drive array (SATA Gen3)
SATA Port 3	Raid 0 Hard drive array (SATA Gen3)
SATA Port 4	Raid 0 Hard drive array (SATA Gen3)
SATA Port 5	SATA Gen1 Optical disk drive
PCIEx1 Port 3 Gen2	WLAN card
PCIEx1 Port 4 Gen2	Dual HDTV tuner
PCIEx1 Port 5 Gen2	Intel GbE PHY
Intel® High Definition Audio (Intel® HD Audio)	Enabled (microphone and headphone active)

**Table 3-4. PCH Idle Power Configuration**

PCH Interfaces	Link Utilization
Intel® High Definition Audio (Intel® HD Audio)	Idle
USB2.0 Port0	Keyboard
USB2.0 Port1	Mouse
SATA Port 0	Intel 520 Series 240GB SSD (Gen 3, OS boot)
SATA Port 1	BD-RW ODD

3.3 Storage Specifications

Table 3-5 includes a list of the specifications for device storage in terms of maximum and minimum temperatures and relative humidity. These conditions should not be exceeded in storage or transportation.

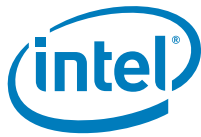
Table 3-5. Storage Conditions

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Notes
$T_{\text{ABSOLUTE STORAGE}}$	The non-operating device storage temperature. Damage (latent or otherwise) may occur when subjected to for any length of time.	-25 °C	125 °C	1, 2, 3
$T_{\text{SUSTAINED STORAGE}}$	The ambient storage temperature limit (in shipping media) for a sustained period of time.	-5 °C	40 °C	4, 5
$RH_{\text{SUSTAINED STORAGE}}$	The maximum device storage relative humidity for a sustained period of time.	60% @ 24 °C		5, 6
$TIME_{\text{SUSTAINED STORAGE}}$	A prolonged or extended period of time; typically associated with customer shelf life.	0 Months	6 Months	6

Note:

1. Refers to a component device that is not assembled in a board or socket that is not to be electrically connected to a voltage reference or I/O signals.
2. Specified temperatures are based on data collected. Exceptions for surface mount reflow are specified in by applicable JEDEC standard. Non-adherence may affect component reliability.
3. $T_{\text{ABSOLUTE STORAGE}}$ applies to the unassembled component only and does not apply to the shipping media, moisture barrier bags or desiccant.
4. Intel branded board products are certified to meet the following temperature and humidity limits that are given as an example only (Non-Operating Temperature Limit: -40 °C to 70 °C and Humidity: 50% to 90%, non-condensing with a maximum wet bulb of 28 °C). Post board attach storage temperature limits are not specified for non-Intel branded boards.
5. The JEDEC, J-JSTD-020 moisture level rating and associated handling practices apply to all moisture sensitive devices removed from the moisture barrier bag.
6. Nominal temperature and humidity conditions and durations are given and tested within the constraints imposed by $T_{\text{SUSTAINED STORAGE}}$ and customer shelf life in applicable Intel box and bags.





4 Thermal Simulation

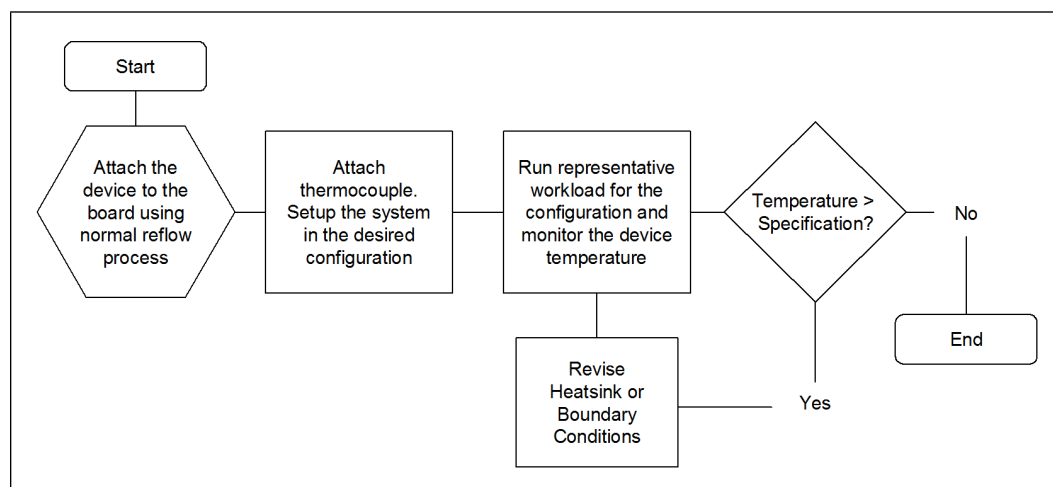
Intel provides thermal simulation models of the PCH and associated user guides to aid system designers in simulating, analyzing, and optimizing their thermal solutions in an integrated, system-level environment. The models are for use with the commercially available Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD)-based thermal analysis tool FLOTHERM* (version 9.2 or higher) by Flomerics, Inc.* and Icepak* by Fluent*. Contact your Intel field sales representative to order the thermal models and user guides.



5 Thermal Metrology

The system designer must make temperature measurements to accurately determine the thermal performance of the system. Intel has established guidelines for proper techniques to measure the PCH case and junction temperatures. The flowchart in [Figure 5-1](#) offers useful guidelines for thermal performance and evaluation.

Figure 5-1. Thermal Solution Decision Flow Chart



5.1 T_{CASE} Temperature Measurements

To ensure functionality and reliability, the T_{CASE} of the PCH must be maintained between the maximum/minimum operating range of the temperature specification as noted in [Table 3-1](#). The surface temperature at the geometric center of the die corresponds to T_{CASE} . Measuring T_{CASE} requires special care to ensure an accurate temperature measurement.

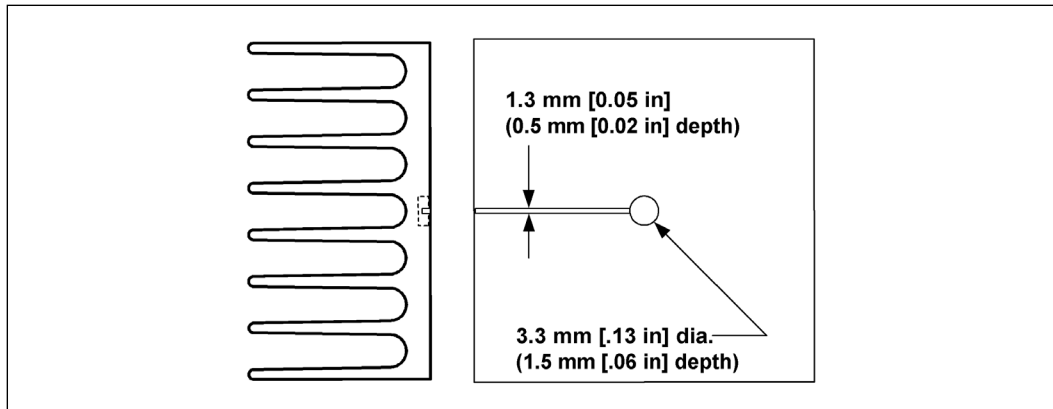
Temperature differences between the surface and the surrounding local ambient air can introduce errors in the measurements. The measurement errors could be due to a poor thermal contact between the thermocouple junction and the surface of the package, heat loss by radiation and/or convection, conduction through thermocouple leads, and/or contact between the thermocouple cement and the heatsink base (if a heatsink is used). For maximum measurement accuracy, only the following thermocouple attach approach is recommended.

5.1.1 Heatsink Thermocouple Attach Methodology

1. Mill a 3.3 mm (0.13 in.) diameter and 1.5 mm (0.06 in.) deep hole centered on the bottom of the heatsink base.
2. Mill a 1.3 mm (0.05 in.) wide and 0.5 mm (0.02 in.) deep slot from the centered hole to one edge of the heatsink. The slot should be parallel to the heatsink fins (see [Figure 5-3](#)).
3. Attach thermal interface material (TIM) to the bottom of the heatsink base.
4. Cut out portions of the TIM to make room for the thermocouple wire and bead. The cutouts should match the slot and hole milled into the heatsink base.

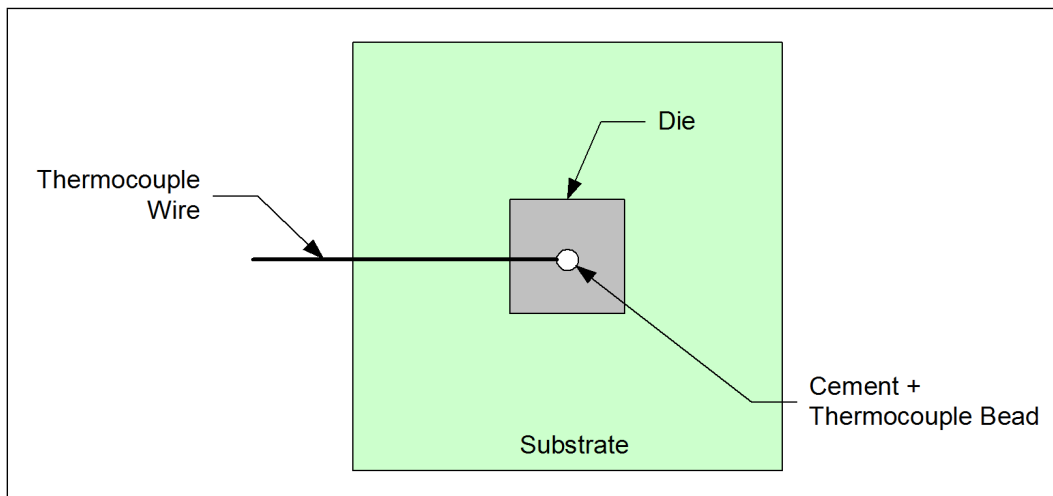
5. Attach a 36 gauge or smaller calibrated K-type thermocouple bead to the center of the top surface of the die using a high thermal conductivity cement. During this step, ensure no contact is present between the thermocouple cement and the heatsink base because any contact will affect the thermocouple reading. It is critical that the thermocouple bead makes contact with the die (see [Figure 5-3](#)).
6. Attach heatsink assembly to the package and route thermocouple wires out through the milled slot.

Figure 5-2. Heatsink Modifications



Note: Not to Scale

Figure 5-3. Top View of Package



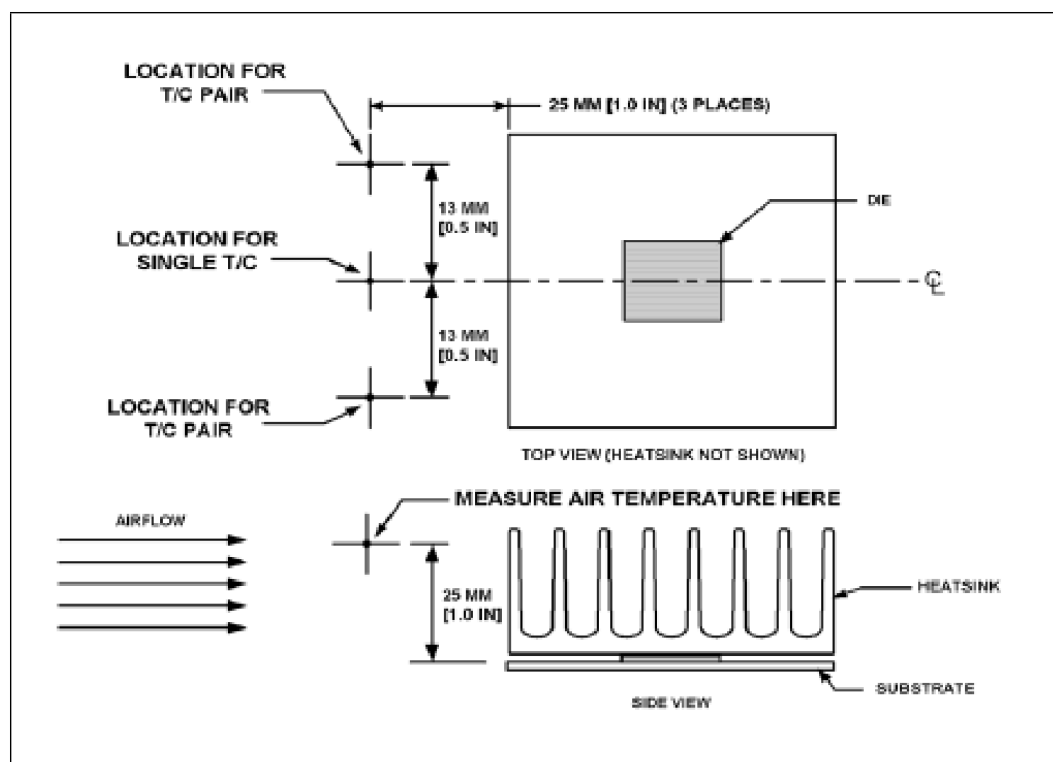
5.2 Ambient Temperature and Airflow Measurement

[Figure 5-4](#) describes the recommended location for air temperature measurements measured relative to the component. For a more accurate measurement of the average approach air temperature, Intel recommends averaging temperatures recorded from two thermocouples spaced about 25 mm (1.0 in) apart. Locations for both a single thermocouple and a pair of thermocouples are presented.

Airflow velocity should be measured using industry standard air velocity sensors. Typical airflow sensor technology may include hot wire anemometers.

Figure 5-4 provides guidance for airflow velocity measurement locations. These locations are for a typical JEDEC test setup and may not be compatible with all chassis layouts due to the proximity of the, PCI* and PCI Express* add-in cards to the component. The user may have to adjust the locations for a specific chassis. Be aware that sensors may need to be aligned perpendicular to the airflow velocity vector or an inaccurate measurement may result. Measurements should be taken with the chassis fully sealed in its operational configuration to achieve a representative airflow profile within the chassis.

Figure 5-4. Airflow and Temperature Measurement Locations

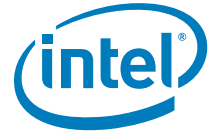




5.3 Thermal Mechanical Test Vehicle (TMTV)

A Thermal Mechanical Test Vehicle (TMTV) is available for early thermal testing. The TMTV contains a heater die and can be powered up to a desired power level to simulate the heating of a PCH package. The TMTV needs to be surface mounted to a custom board designed to provide connectivity to the die heater. Although the TMTV is designed to closely match the PCH package, it is recommended that final validation be performed with actual production silicon.

§ §



6 Advanced Technology eXtended (ATX) Reference Thermal Solution

Note: The reference thermal mechanical solution information shown in this document represents the current state of the design. The data is subject to modification and represents design targets, not commitments by Intel.

The design strategy for the PCH thermal solution is to reuse the z-clip heatsink designed from Intel® 5 Series Chipset and used on subsequent PCH designs through the Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH).

This section describes the overall requirements for the EmbeddedATX (EmbATX) heatsink reference thermal solution including critical-to-function dimensions, operating environment, and validation criteria. Other chipset components may or may not need attached thermal solutions depending on your specific system local-ambient operating conditions.

6.1 Reference Solution

The reference solution is an extruded aluminum heatsink with pre-applied phase change thermal interface material (TIM). The TIM is a Chomerics* T710. The reference solution is provided as an assembly with the clip, TIM, and extrusion. See [Appendix B](#) for the complete set of mechanical drawings including the motherboard keepout zone.

The reference design z-clip centers the load on the die and by design will keep the heatsink flush and parallel with the top surface of the die. The TIM size in the reference design is larger than the die area. The resistivity of the TIM is 5×10^{16} Ohm-cm. Any TIM material that comes in contact with die side capacitors (DSC) will not cause a short.

During the heatsink assembly process, the heatsink may come in contact with DSC. The maximum spring force allowed for the reference design z-clip has not been shown to cause damage to DSC during assembly.

However, the TDP for the Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) is lower than previous generations, so there exists opportunities for cost-optimized heatsink design. The motherboard keep-out zone maximum height is now 1.0 mm, as shown in [Figure B-2](#). A reference solution that fits only to the shadow of the PCH package (22x23 mm) would not require a motherboard keep-out zone, outside of the mounting hardware. There is also opportunity for a heatsink-less design, but the required airflow boundary condition may exceed what currently exists in EmbATX-based systems (specifically μ SFF and AIO systems).

Figure 6-1. Velocity Boundary Condition Assessment

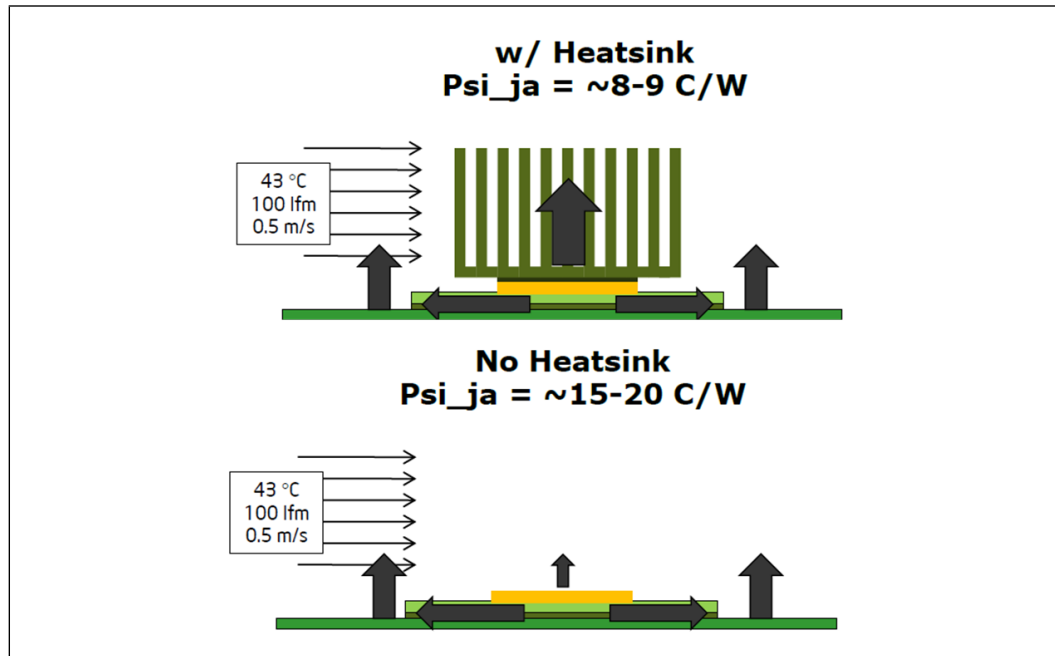
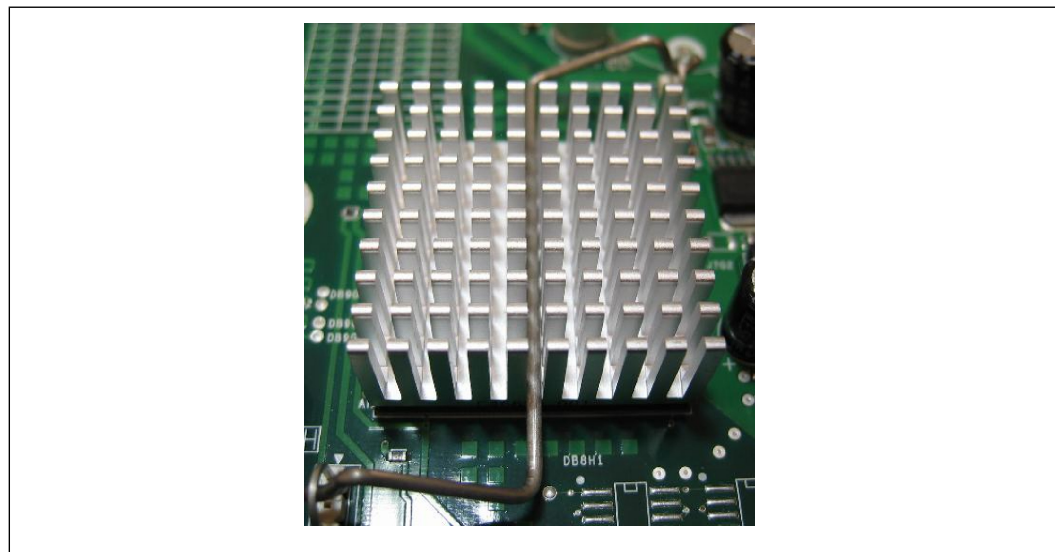


Figure 6-2. Reference Thermal Solution





6.2 Environmental Reliability Requirements

The reference solution heatsink will be evaluated to the reliability requirements in [Table 6-11](#). The mechanical loading of the component may vary depending on the heatsink, and attach method used. The customer should define a validation test suite based on the anticipated use conditions and resulting reliability requirements. Thermal cycling, bake and humidity tests were performed on original design and are not being repeated. The designer should select appropriate thermal/humidity tests for the expected use conditions.

Table 6-1. Reference Thermal Solution Environmental Reliability Requirements

Test	Requirement	Pass / Fail Criteria
Mechanical Shock	3 drops for + and - directions in each of 3 perpendicular axes (that is, total 18 drops). Profile: 50 G trapezoidal waveform, 170 inches/sec. minimum velocity change. Setup: Mount sample board on test fixture	Visual/Electrical Check
Random Vibration	Duration: 10 min/axis, 3 axes Frequency Range: 5 Hz to 500 Hz Power Spectral Density (PSD) Profile: 3.13 g RMS	Visual/Electrical Check

§ §



A Thermal Solution Component Vendors

Note: These vendors and devices are listed by Intel as a convenience to Intel's general customer base, but Intel does not make any representations or warranties whatsoever regarding quality, reliability, functionality, or compatibility of these devices. This list and/or these devices may be subject to change without notice.

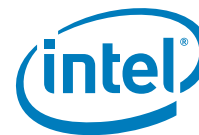
Table A-1. Reference Heatsink Enabled Components

Item	Intel PN	AVC	CCI	Foxconn	Wieson
Heatsink Assembly	C46655-001	S702C00001	00C855802B	2Z802-009	
Anchor	A13494-008			HB9703E-DW	G2100C888-064H

Table A-2. Supplier Contact Information

Supplier	Contact	Phone	Email
AVC* (Asia Vital Corporation)	Kai Chang	+86 755 3366 8888 x63588	kai_chang@avc.com.tw
CCI* (Chaun Choung Technology)	Monica Chih	+886-2-2995-2666	monica_chih@ccic.com.tw
Foxconn*	Jack Chen Wanchi Chen	(408) 919-6121 (408) 919-6135	jack.chen@foxconn.com wanchi.chen@foxconn.com
Wieson*	Chary Lee Henry Liu	+886-2-2647-1896 ext. 6684 +886-2-2647-1896 ext.6330	chary@wieson.com henry@wieson.com

§ §



B Mechanical Drawings for Package and Reference Thermal Solution

The mechanical drawings included in this appendix:

Figure B-1, "Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) Package Drawing" on page 26.

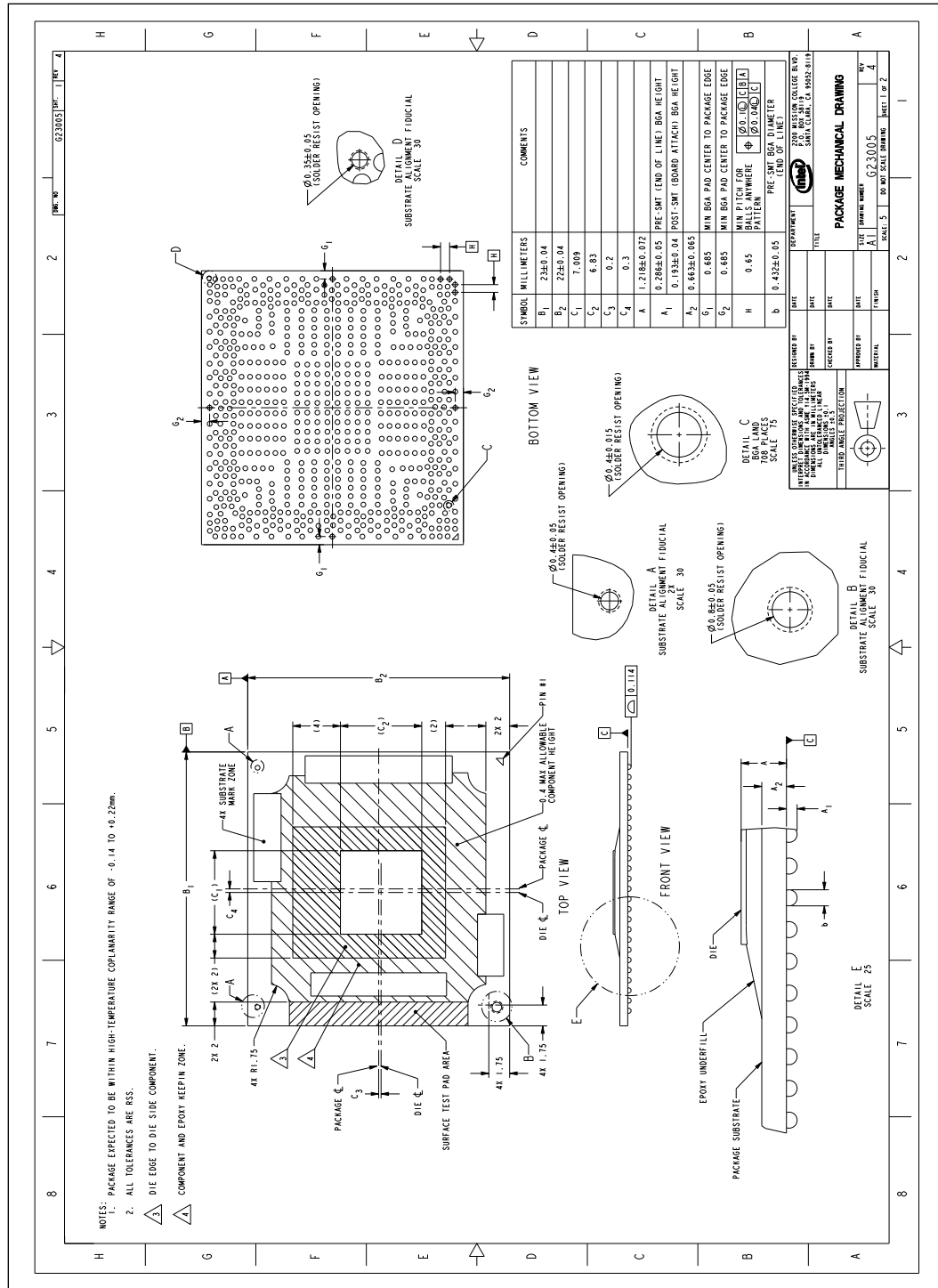
Figure B-2, "Motherboard Keep-Out for ATX Reference Heatsink" on page 27.

Figure B-3, "ATX Reference Heatsink Assembly" on page 28.

Figure B-4, "ATX Reference Heatsink Extrusion" on page 29.

Figure B-5, "ATX Reference Heatsink Clip" on page 30.

Figure B-1. Intel® 9 Series Chipset Platform Controller Hub (PCH) Package Drawing



Thermal Mechanical Specifications and Design Guidelines



Technical drawing of a heat sink assembly showing three views: top, side, and perspective. The top view shows a square base with a grid of holes and four mounting tabs. The side view shows the profile of the base and the mounting tabs. The perspective view shows the base with a grid of holes and four mounting tabs. The drawing is labeled with dimensions and part numbers.

Dimensions:

- Top view: 26 (1.024) x 26 (1.024)
- Side view: 26 (1.024)
- Perspective view: 26 (1.024)

Part numbers:

- 1: 44444-001
- 2: 44444-001
- 3: 44444-001

Notes:

- PROCUREMENT SPECIFICATION A02160 SHALL APPLY

Technical drawing of a heat sink extrusion. The drawing includes a top view, a front view, a side view, and a 3D perspective view. The top view shows a 31x31 grid of holes with dimensions 1.220 inches. The front view shows a 9x9 grid of holes with dimensions 1.61 inches. The side view shows a 10x1.55 inch profile. A 3D perspective view is also included. A table of dimensions is provided at the bottom right.

VIEW	TOP	FRONT	SIDE	3D
1	31	31	10	31
2	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
3	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
4	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
5	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
6	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
7	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
8	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
9	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
10	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
11	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
12	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
13	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
14	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
15	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
16	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
17	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
18	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
19	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
20	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
21	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
22	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
23	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
24	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
25	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
26	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
27	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
28	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
29	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
30	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
31	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
32	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
33	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
34	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
35	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
36	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
37	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
38	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
39	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
40	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
41	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
42	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
43	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
44	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
45	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
46	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
47	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
48	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
49	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
50	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
51	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
52	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
53	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
54	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
55	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
56	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
57	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
58	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
59	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
60	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
61	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
62	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
63	1.61	1.61	1.55	1.61
64	1.5 MIN	1.5 MIN	1.55	1.5 MIN
65	9X EQUAL SPACING	9X EQUAL SPACING	10X	9X EQUAL SPACING
66	1.063	1.063	1.55	1.063
67	1.220	1.220	1.55	1.220
68				

Figure B-5. ATX Reference Heatsink Clip

