



Game Developers Conference

# Applying DirectX\* Sampler Feedback: Texture Space Shading and Streaming with DirectStorage\*

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Allen Hux, Graphics Software Architect

Intel Corporation



# Agenda

■ Overview

■ Texture Space Shading

■ UL 3DMark\* Sampler Feedback Feature Test

■ Mip Region Size

■ Conclusion & Call to Action

■ References

# D3D12 Sampler Feedback Background

## What is feedback?

- The reverse of texture sampling: which texels were read?
- Efficiently determine what the hardware did
- Pair “feedback” texture with your “real” texture asset

## There are two types of Sampler Feedback:

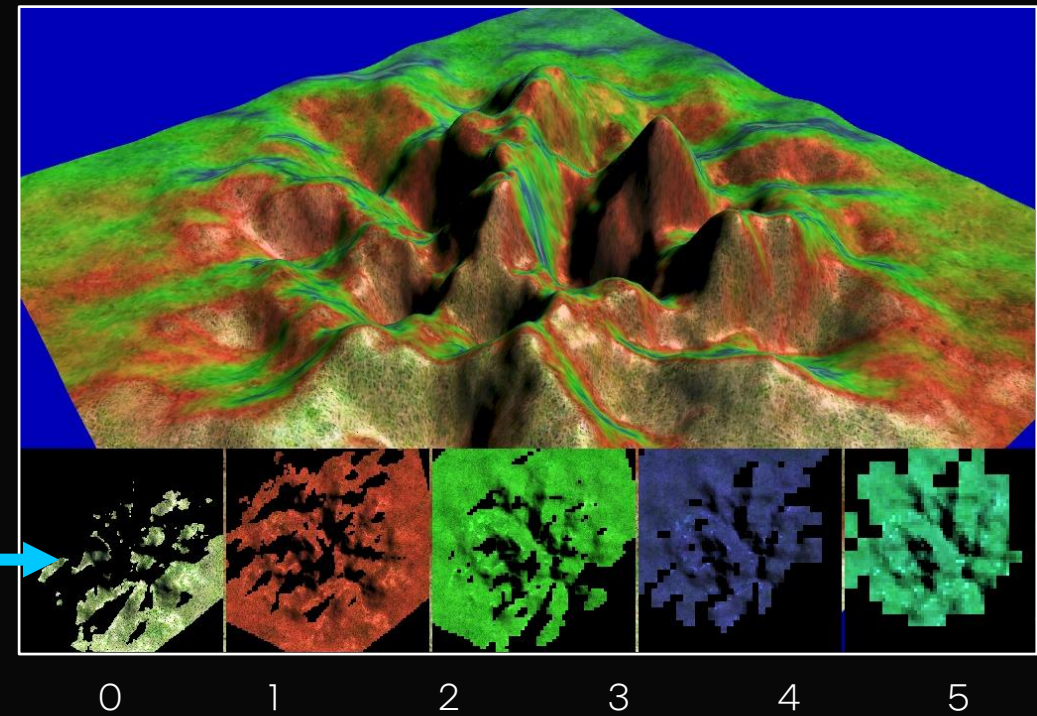
- Mip Region Used
- Min Mip Feedback

# Mip Region Used

- Feedback per mip region within a mip

- Texel value = 0xFF if any texel in region touched

- Good for texture space shading



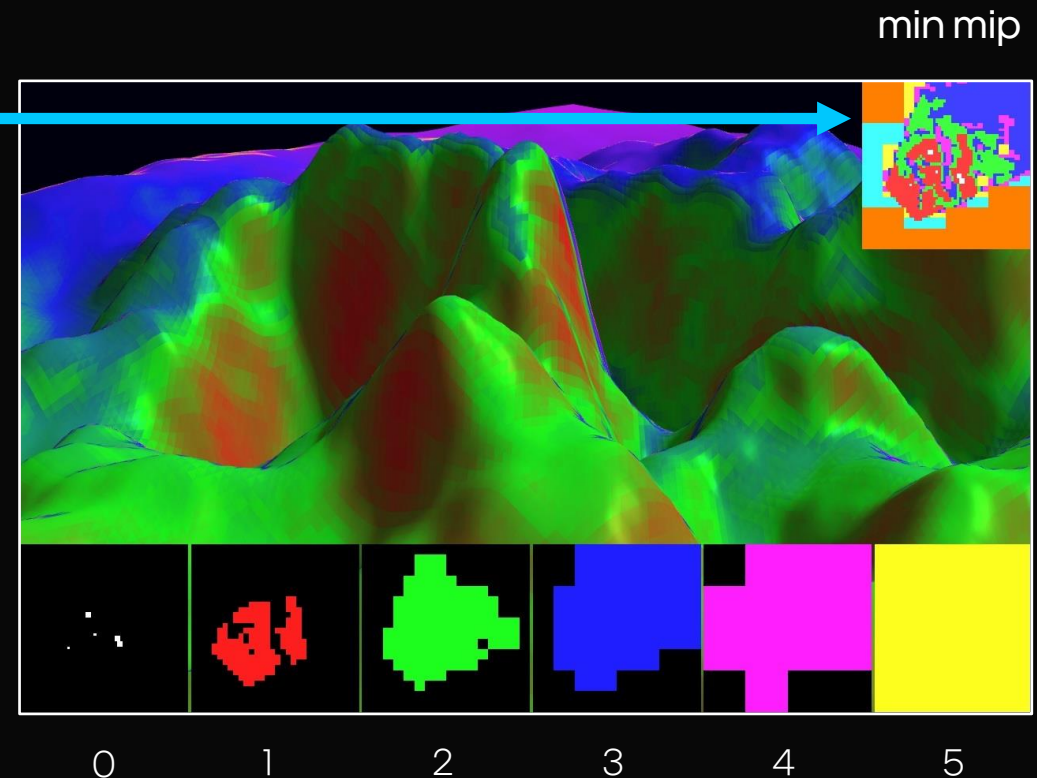
Texture loaded per min mip feedback



# Mip Mip Feedback

## Min Mip Feedback

- Texel value = min mip sampled for a mip region
- Stay tuned for Allen's talk for all the details



Texture loaded per min mip feedback

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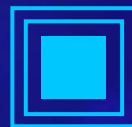
■ Conclusion & Call to Action

■ References

# Texture Space Shading

## Pass 1:

Perform expensive lighting calculations and store them in textures



## Pass 2:

Rasterize scene while using lit textures from Pass 1

# Why Use Texture Space Shading?

## ■ Skip redundant lighting calculations

- Reuse within the same frame (e.g. VR rendering)
- Reuse across frames

## ■ Shading rate decoupled from rasterization rate

- Performance versus quality adjustable with sampler bias

## ■ Remove shimmer artifacts rendering from far objects



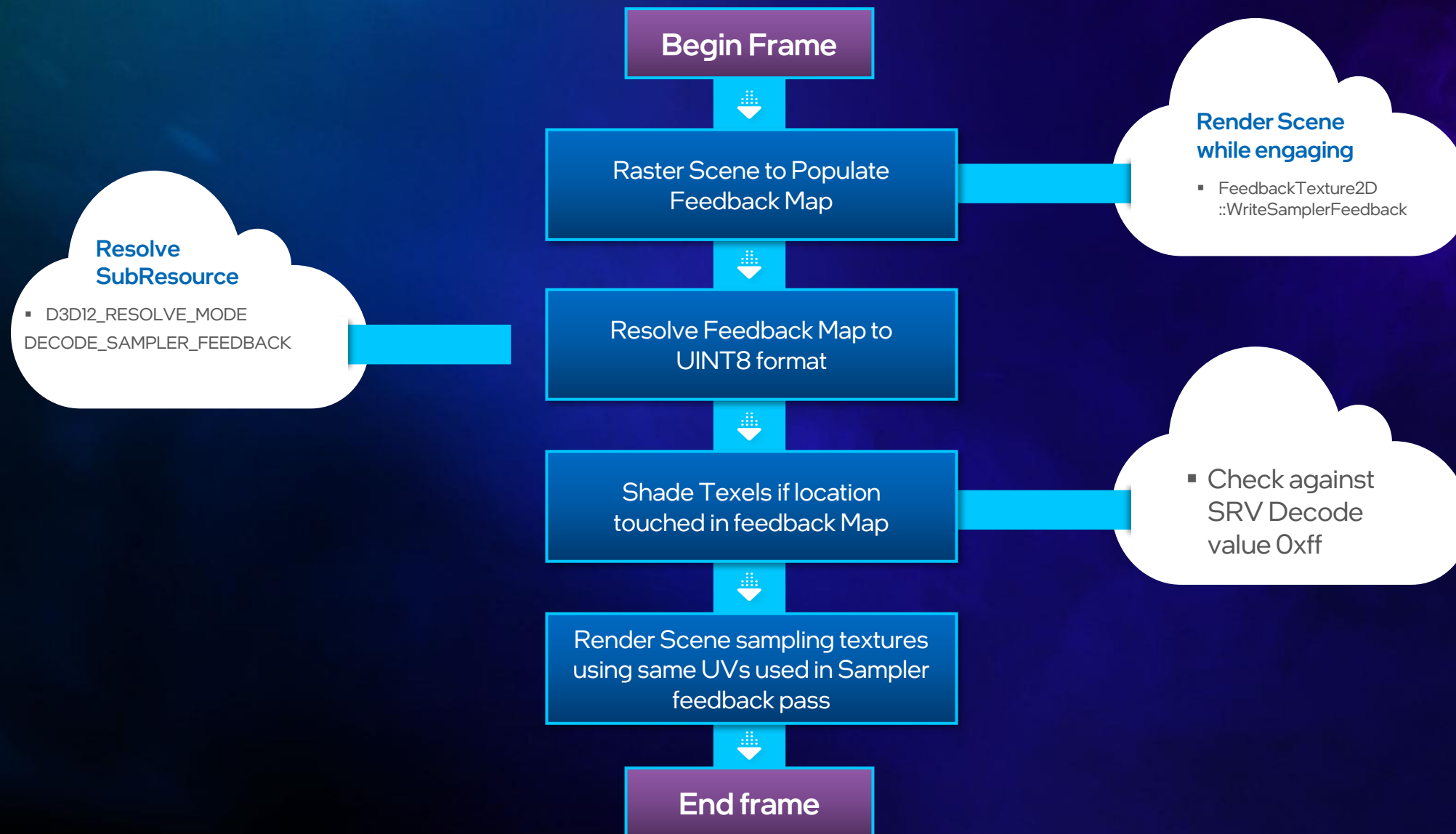
# How Does Sampler Feedback Help?

- **Less Texels Shaded == Better Performance**

- **Sampler feedback will tell us which texels will be sampled during rasterization**

- **Only shade texels that will be sampled during rasterization**

# DX12 Sampler Feedback Flow



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# UL 3DMark\* Sampler Feedback Feature Test



# UL 3DMark\* Sampler Feedback Feature Test

■ Feature test designed to benchmark sampler feedback performance

■ Implements 2 modes:

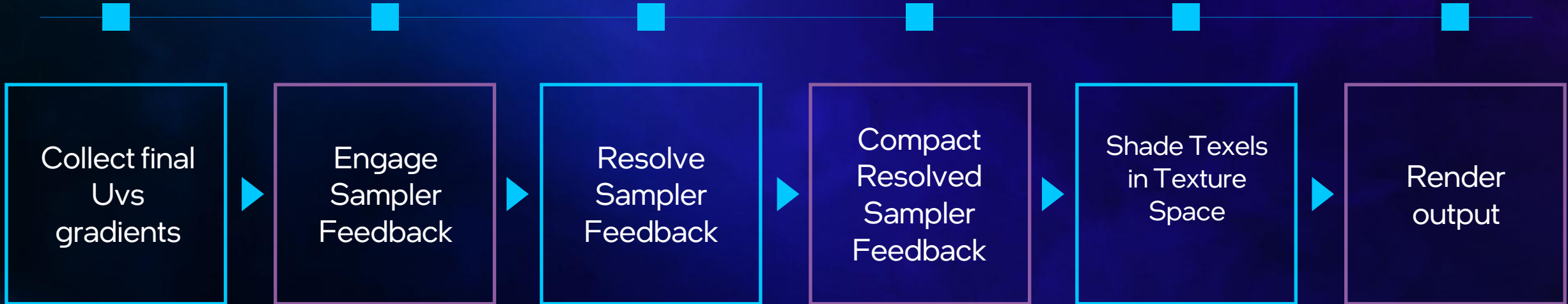
- Sampler Feedback
- Software emulated sampler feedback

■ Intel Gen 11 results:

- 23% net workload benefit using Sampler Feedback
- Sampler Feedback pass 3.1x faster than emulated path

# Workload Design

## Sampler Feedback using “Deferred” Approach



# Resource Initialization

## Create Sampler Feedback Resource

- Dxgi\_format\_sampler\_feedback\_mip\_region\_used\_opaque
- Mip Region Size 8 x 8 x 1
- Mip Count 5

## Create Paired Resource

## Create Feedback View

- CreateSamplerFeedbackUnorderedAccessView
- Maps to FeedbackTexture2D in HLSL

# Collect Final UVs and Gradients

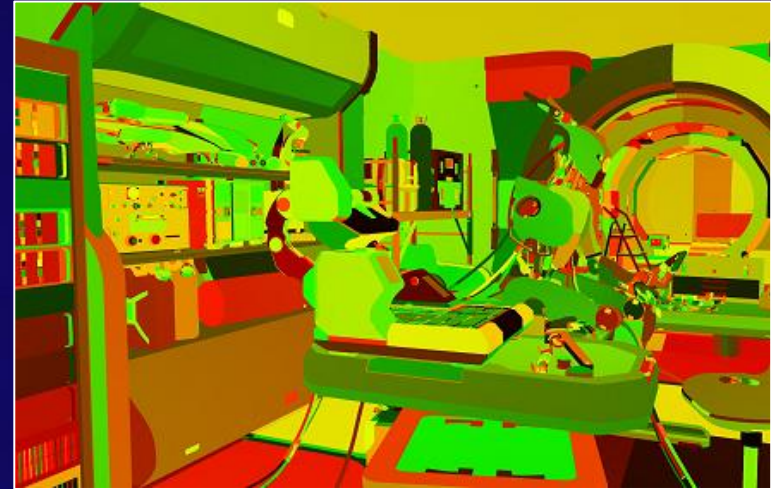
- Rasterize all scene geometry

- Depth test enabled

- Depth write enabled

- Write UV to render target

- Write Gradient  $\text{ddx}(\text{UV})$ ,  $\text{ddy}(\text{UV})$  to render target





# Engage Sampler Feedback

**Full screen  
pixel shader  
pass**

**Load UVs  
and  
gradients**

**Call Write  
Sampler  
Feedback  
Grad with  
inputs**

- Store results to FeedbackTexture2D object

Performance tip: Application can stochastically skip WriteSamplerFeedbackGrad calls.

# Resolve Sampler Feedback

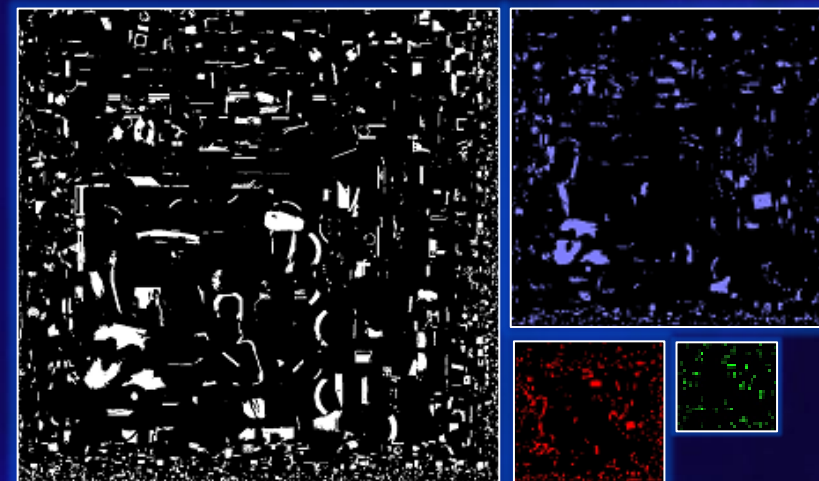
Call **ResolveSubResourceRegion** with  
`D3D12_RESOLVE_MODE_DECODE_SAMPLER_FEEDBACK`

After resolve, touched feedback texels will  
have `0xFF`

Images on right visualize mips touched

Performance tip:

- Batch barriers for transitions to/from resolve states
- Resolve entire mip chain in one `ResolveSubResourceRegion` call with sub resource index `UINT_MAX`

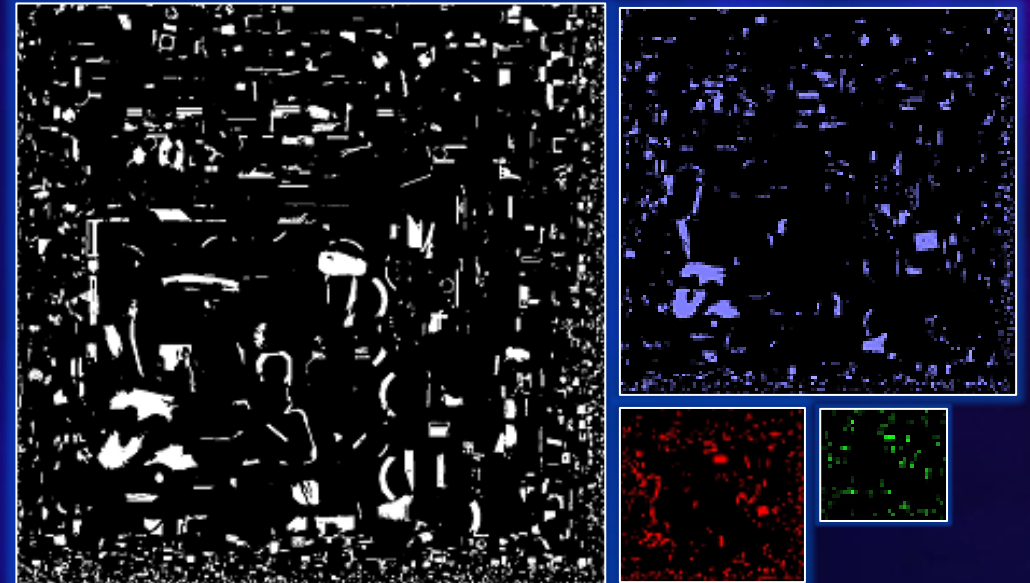


# Compaction

Goal: Only dispatch compute shader threads for regions that need to get texel shaded

Build data for Execute Indirect:

- Thread group count
- Pixel XY offset per thread group

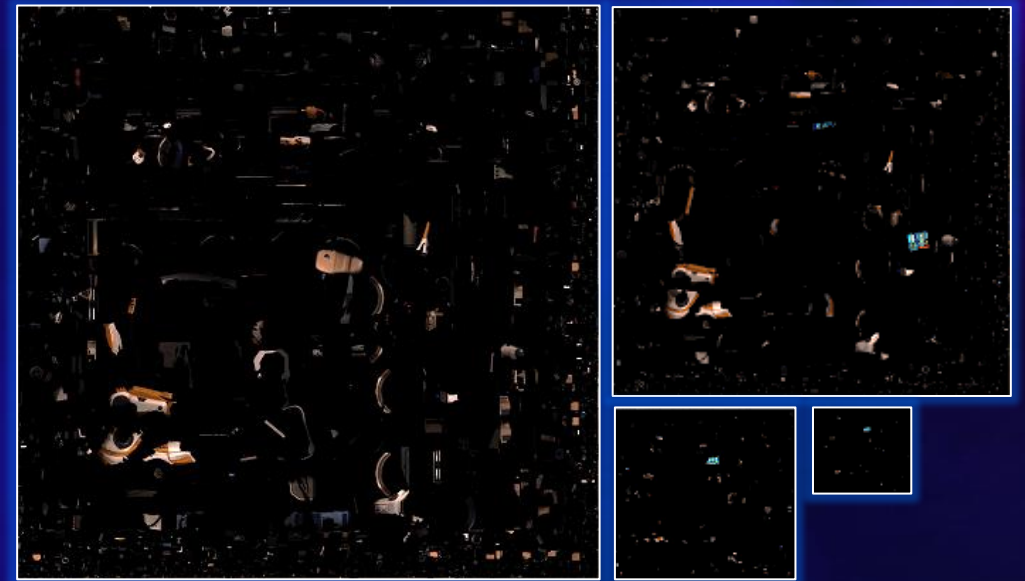


# Texture Space Shading

- Perform shading for all touched texels in feedback map

- Implemented using ExecuteIndirect

- Performance tip:  
Use results from higher level mips if available to  
save costly lighting calculations





# Render Final Output

- Full screen pixel shader pass

- Sample shaded texels

- Use SampleGrad with same parameters as Sampler Feedback pass

- Tone map



Special thanks to  
our partners @ UL  
for developing this  
workload!

Feature Test  
coming Q3' 2021



Visit <https://benchmarks.ul.com/3dmark> for more information!

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# Mip Region Size

■ Mip Region Size will map a texel in the feedback map to a region in the paired texture

■ Different Mip Region sizes will change the performance

■ Smaller Mip Region results in finer granularity of a mip region used.

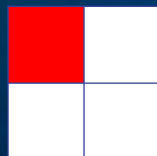
■ Smaller Mip Region will result in a larger feedback resource. Which will have:

- Higher cost for clears
- Higher cost for resolves
- Higher bandwidth cost
- Potentially less shaded texels

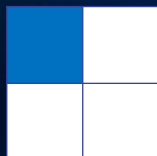
■ Example Data to follow!



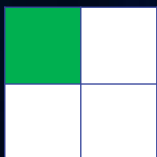
# Mip Region Example



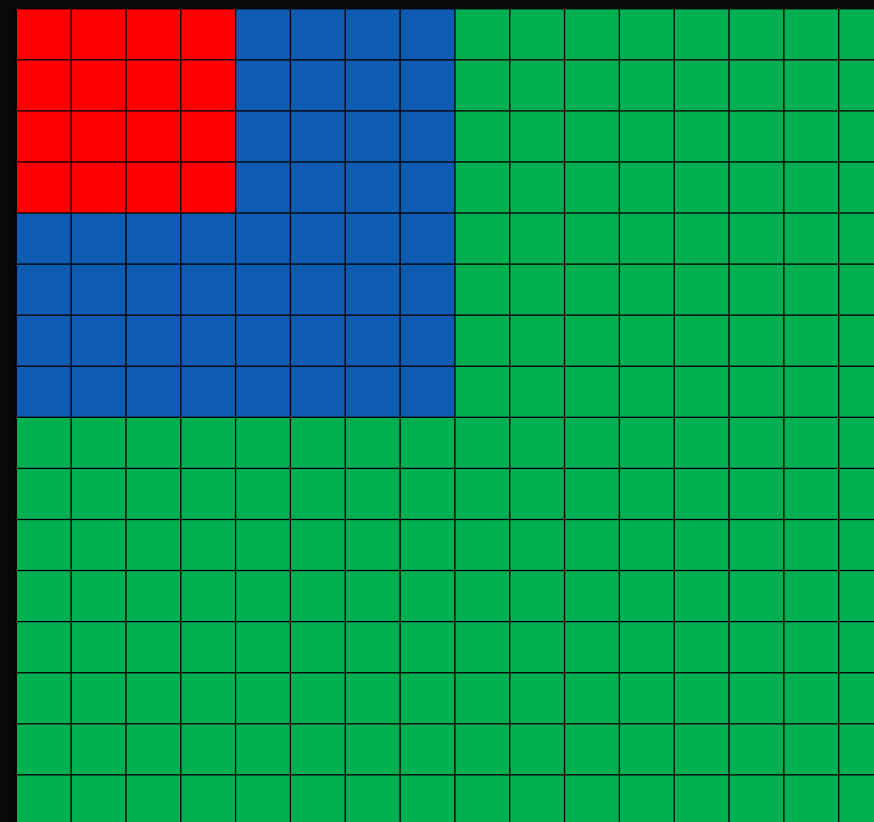
Feedback Resource  
Mip Region 4x4x1



Feedback Resource  
Mip Region 8x8x1



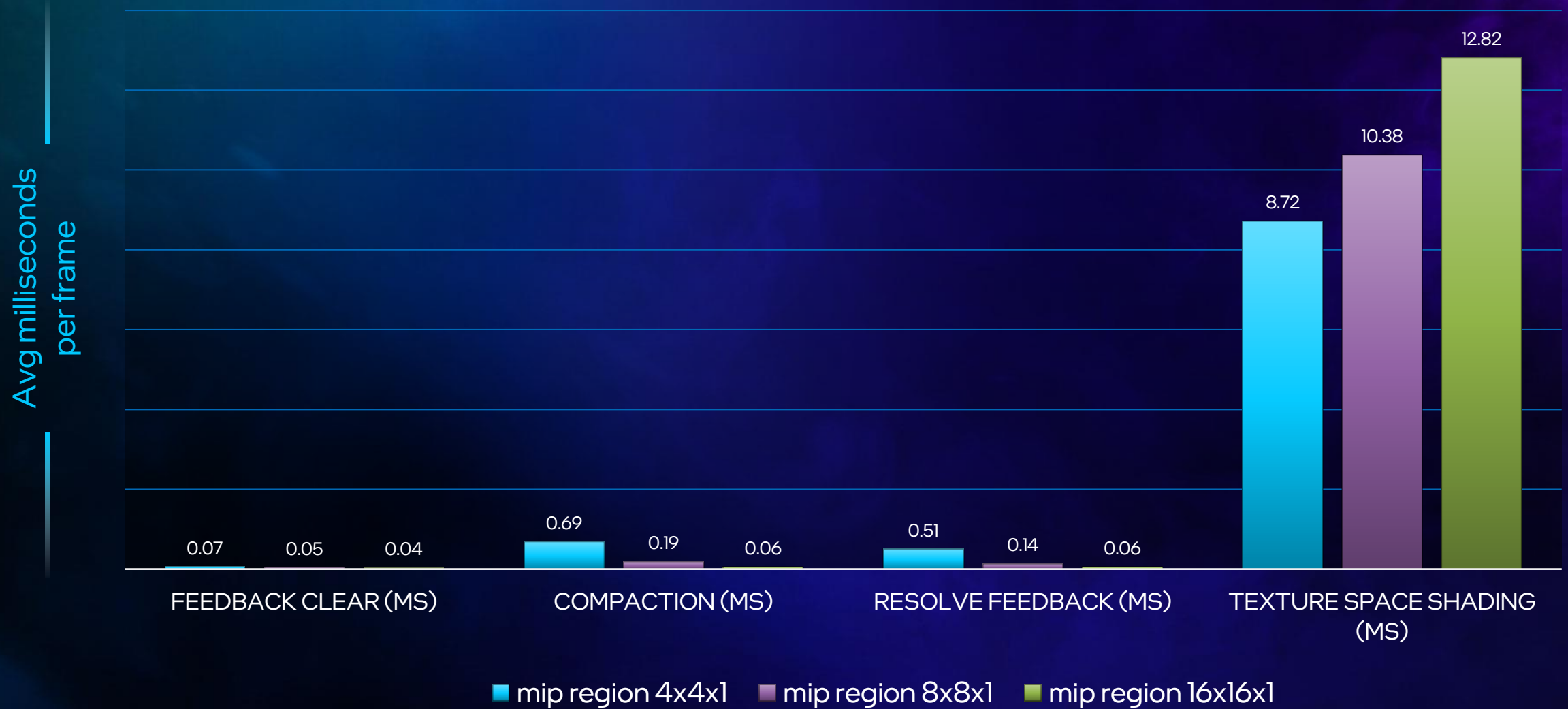
Feedback Resource  
Mip Region 16x16x1



Paired shaded Resource



## Mip Region Size Performance Characteristics



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## Summary & Call to Action

**Intel Gen11 processors  
support Sampler Feedback**

Begin developing with Sampler  
Feedback feature today!

**We can't wait to see how innovative  
developers will use the feature!**

<https://benchmarks.ul.com/3dmark>

<https://store.steampowered.com/app/223850/3DMark/>



# Thank You!

## Up Next:

Sampler Feedback  
Streaming with Microsoft  
Direct Storage\*



# Sampler Feedback Streaming with DirectStorage\* for Windows\*

Allen Hux, Intel



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- Asset Streaming Opportunity

- D3D12 Sampler Feedback Background

- D3D12 Reserved Resources

- Connecting DirectStorage\*

- Results

- Conclusion & Call to Action

- References

# Asset Streaming Vision

We can draw scenes using assets that, together, far exceed physical memory if we stream just what's needed per frame.

D3D12 Sampler Feedback identifies what to stream

DirectStorage\* for Windows makes streaming simple and efficient



# Build Previously Impossible Scenes

- **1000** objects  
**350MB** texture for each (16k x 16k bc7)  
no texture re-use
- **350 GB** : total memory for assets  
**230 MB** : physical memory used
- **0.06%** resident (230MB/350GB)



Textures [courtesy Hubble](#)

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# D3D12 Reserved Resources

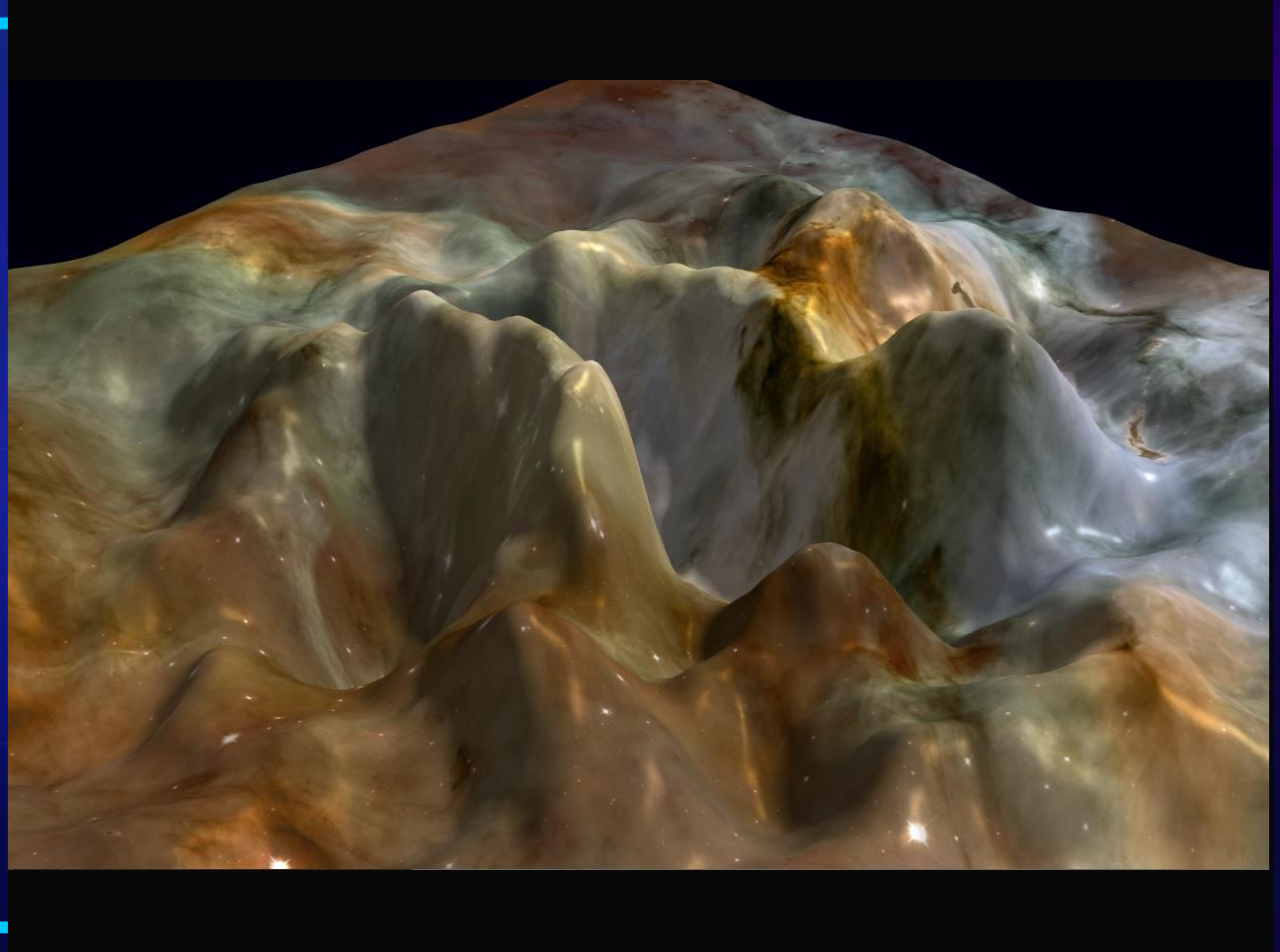
**Easy memory  
management for  
massive assets**

- High-performance virtual memory for textures
- Allows partial residency, sub-mip granularity
- 64KB Tiles, dimension a function of texture format
- Tiles from multiple resources in 1 or more heaps

[ID3D12Device::CreateReservedResource](#)

# Example: Texture on Terrain

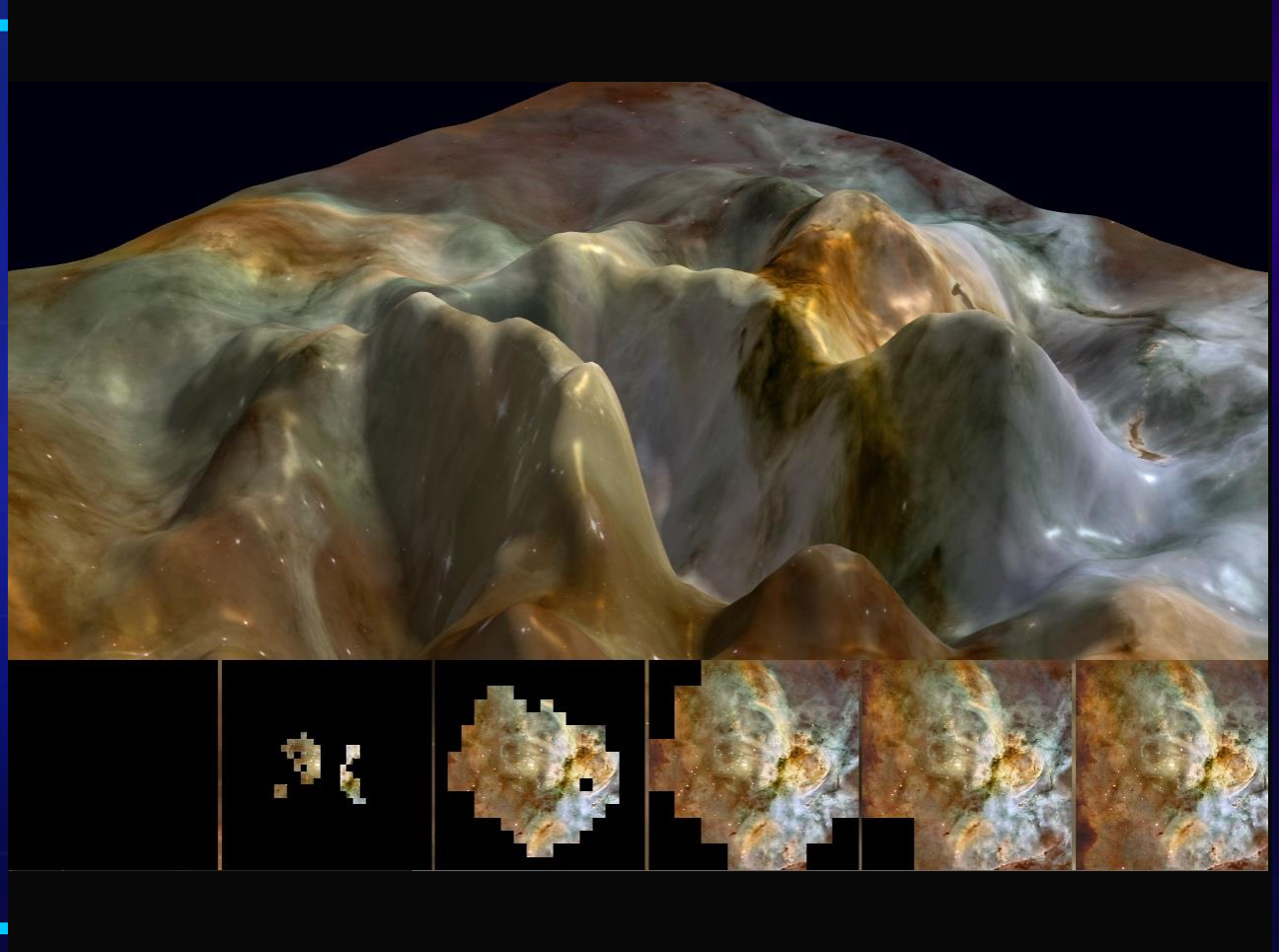
- Example of a reserved resource
- This texture is only partially loaded





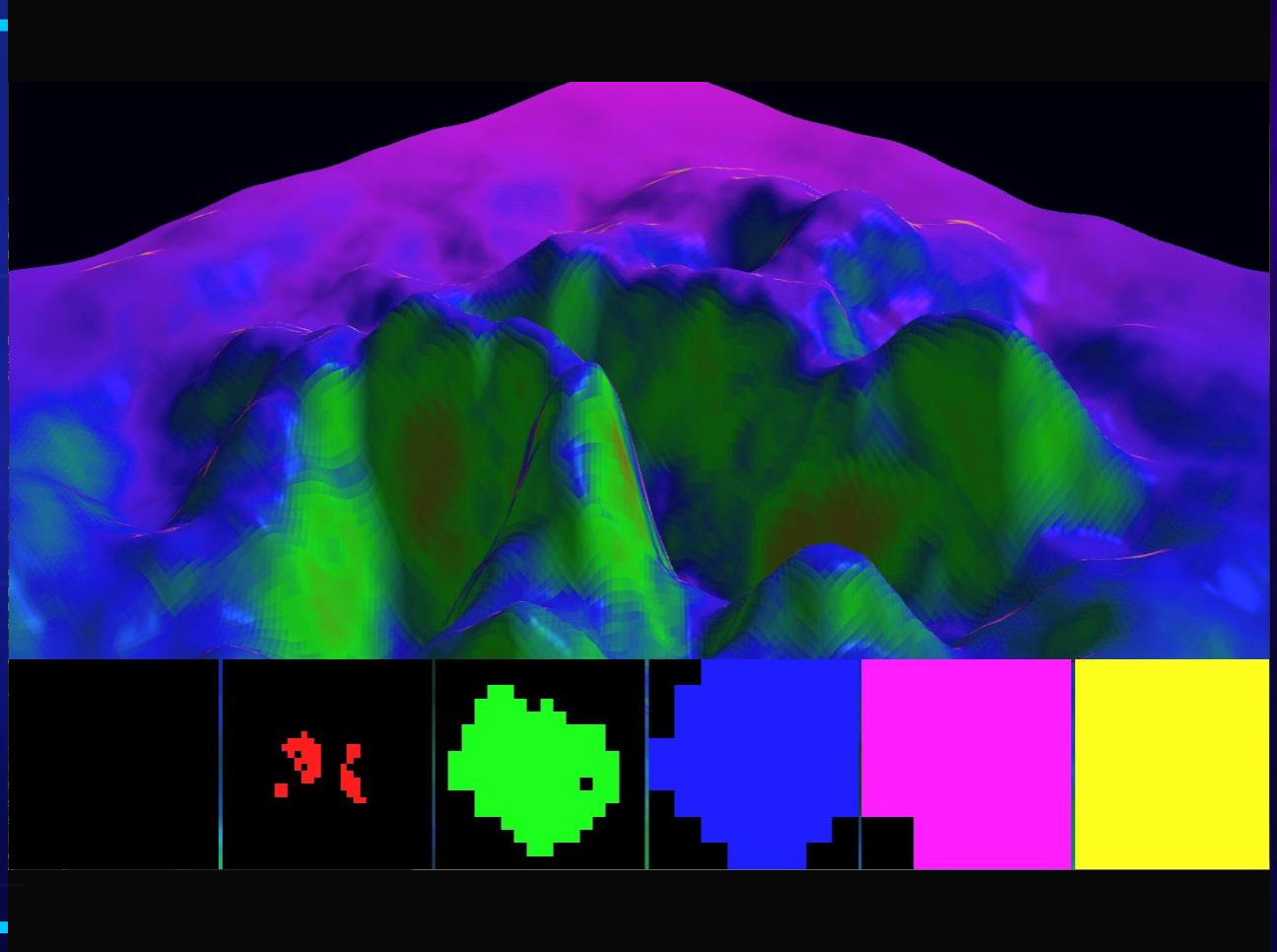
# Example: Texture on Terrain

- Now showing the mips
- No tiles of mip 0 loaded
- mip 1 partially loaded



# Example: Texture on Terrain

- Set color = mip level
- Can more clearly see how tiles correspond to the visible texture
- In demo, all tiles (for 350GB or assets) fit within a single 1GB heap



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# D3D12 Sampler Feedback Background

## What is feedback?

- The reverse of texture sampling:  
which texels were read?
- Efficiently determine what the  
hardware did

**Sampler feedback  
resources are  
lower-resolution**

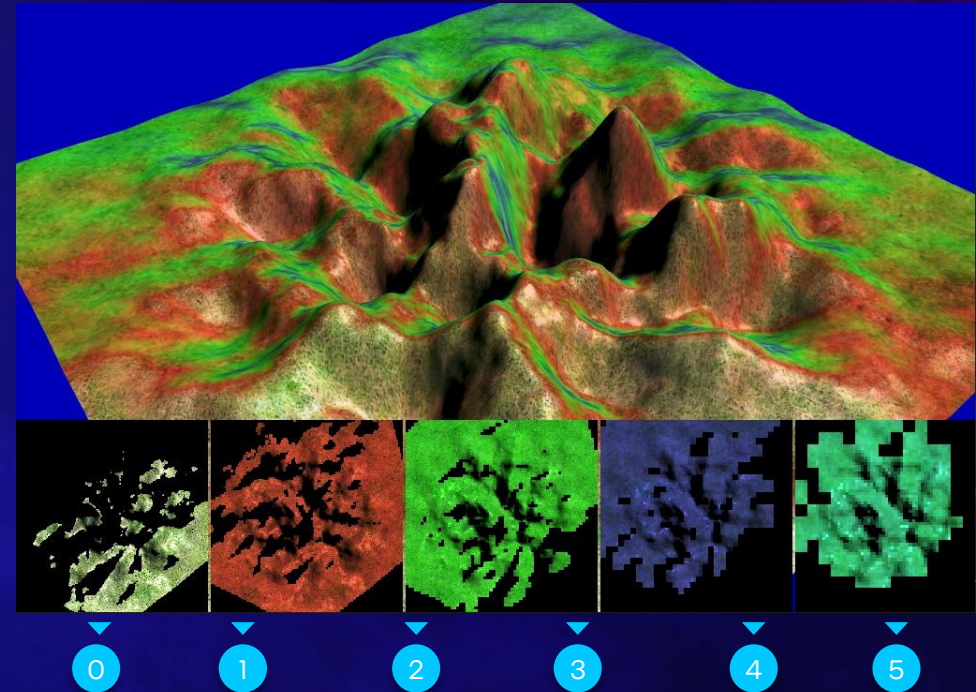
**Finest  
Granularity is  
4x4**



# Two Kinds of Feedback

## Mip Region Used

- multiple mip layers
- texel value = 0xff if any texel sampled
- good for texture space shading



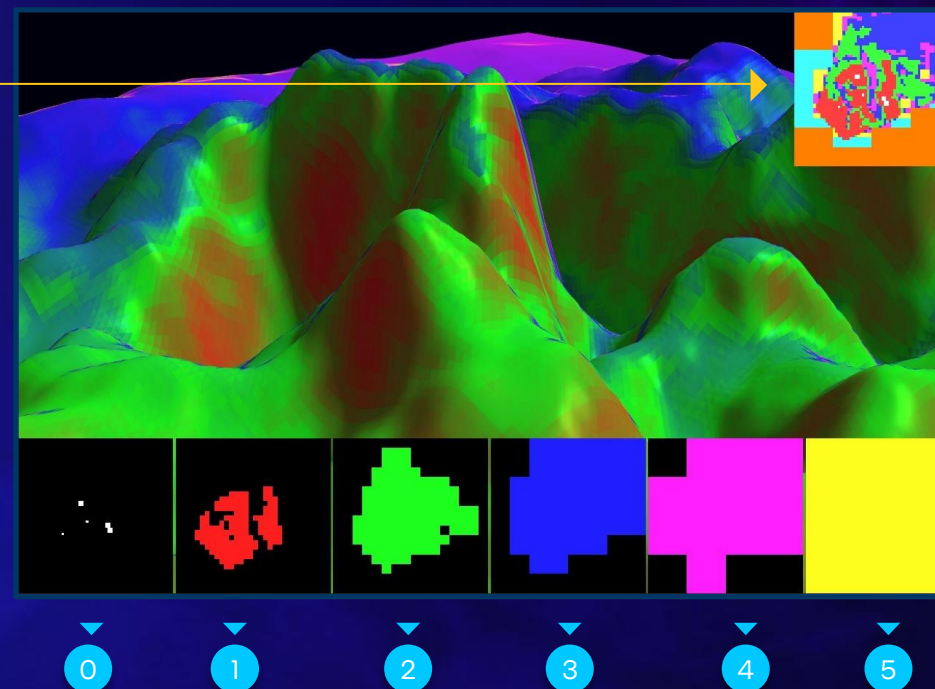
# Two Kinds of Feedback

## Mip Region Used

- multiple mip layers
- texel value = 0xff if any texel sampled
- good for texture space shading

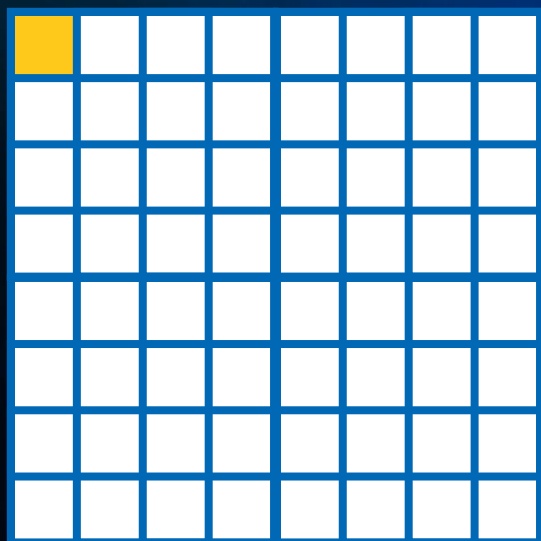
## Min Mip Feedback

- single-layer
- texel value = min mip sampled

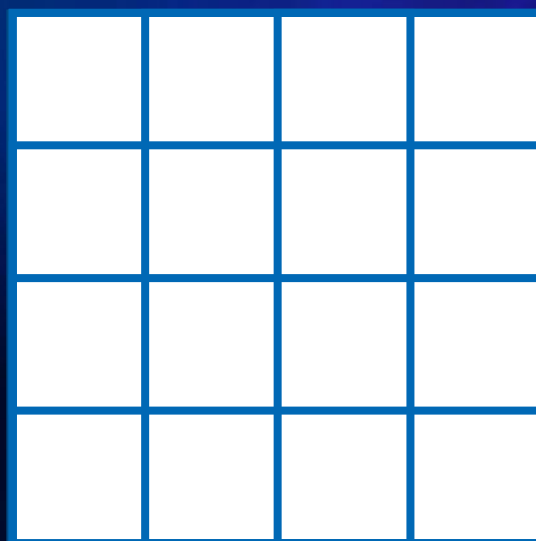


# Min Mip Feedback Example

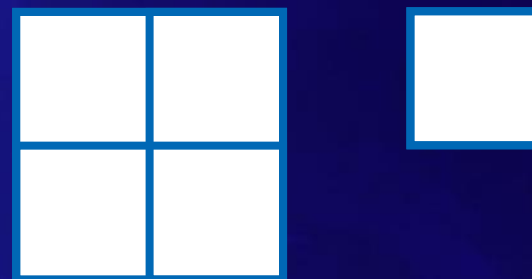
- Consider a 4x4 min-mip map, region size 4x4
- Sample the top left texel of mip 0 (orange)



mip 0

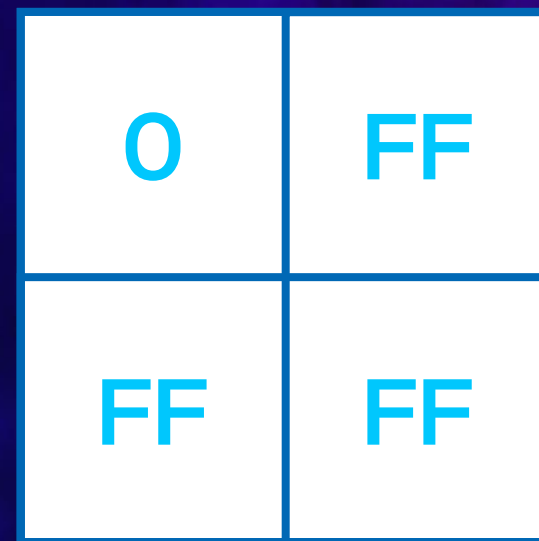


mip 1



mip 2 & 3

Feedback



# Min Mip Map

- Feedback answers the question: was it sampled?

- Min mip map answers the question: is it resident?

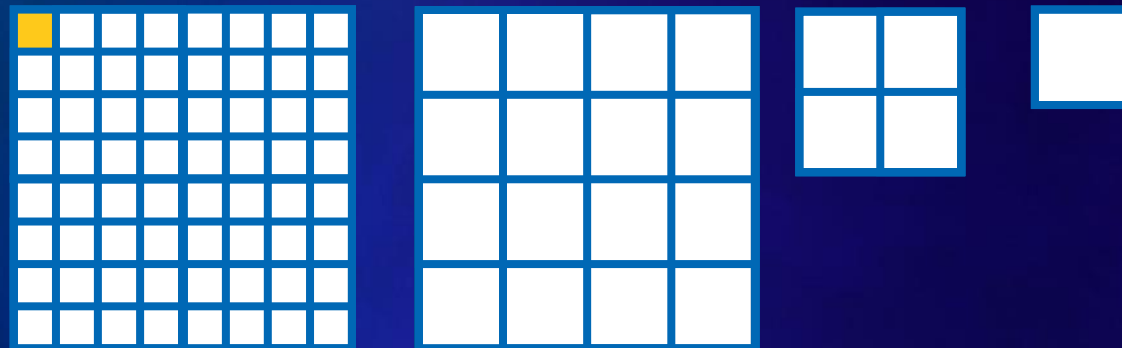
- Idea: if we load everything at & below region, no artifacts  
e.g. if mip 1 was sampled,  
trilinear/aniso will also sample layer 2

A min mip map can be created from min mip feedback

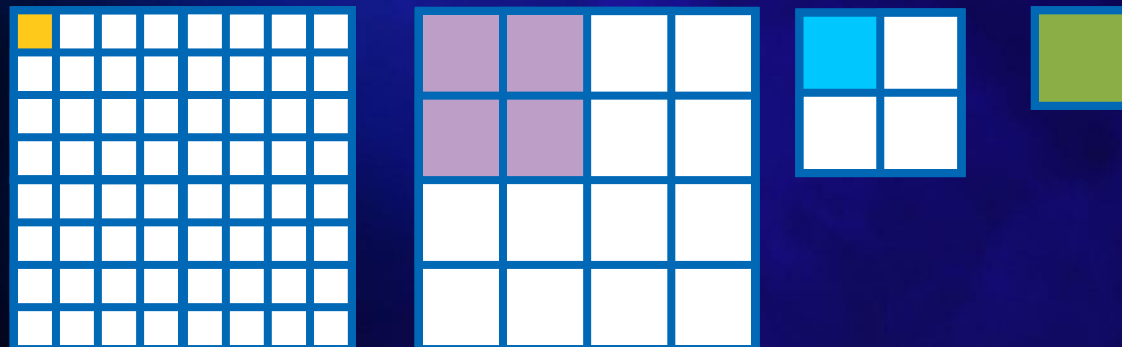


# Example: Building a Min Mip Map

Sampler read  
orange region



Conforming  
texture must  
contain these  
regions



Min Mip Feedback

0	FF
FF	FF

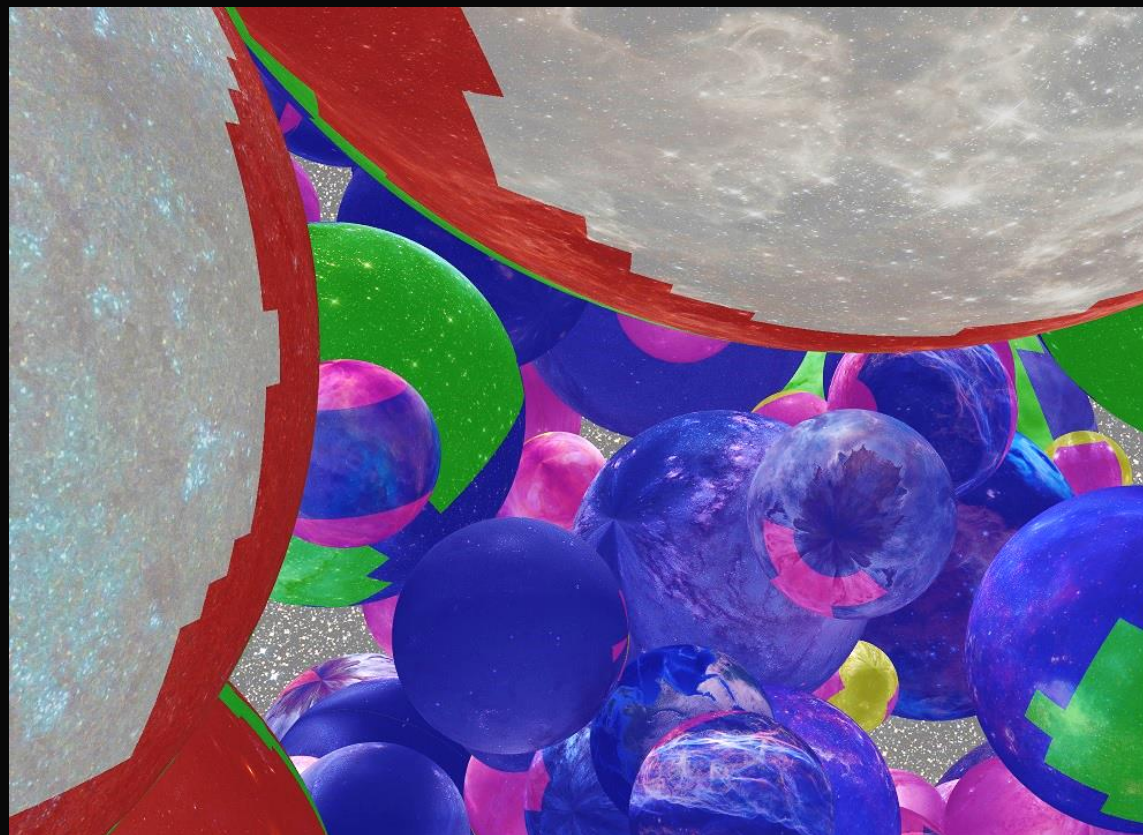
Min Mip Map

0	3
3	3

# Sampler Feedback + Reserved Resources

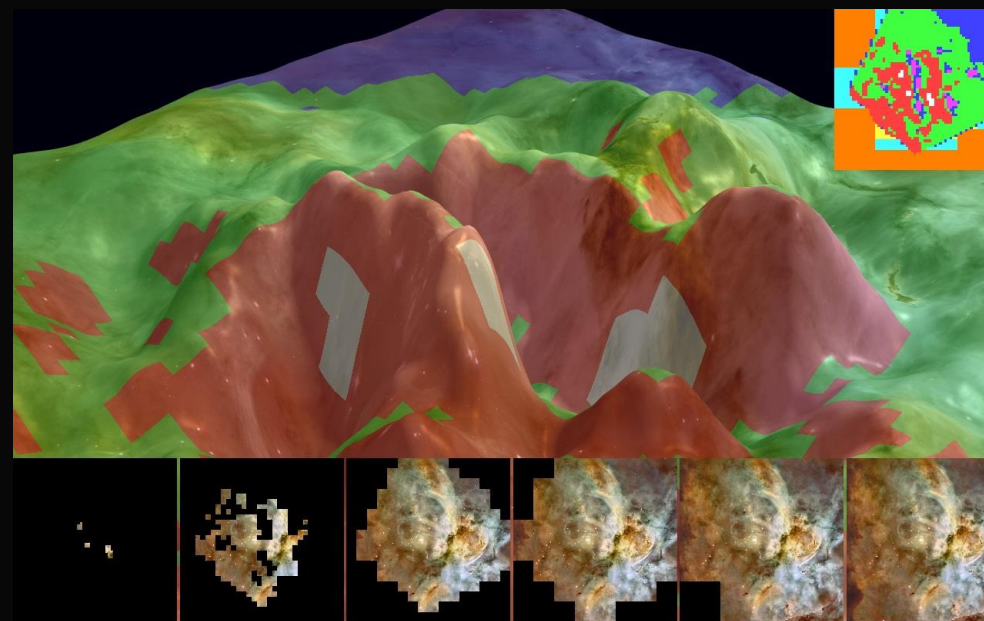
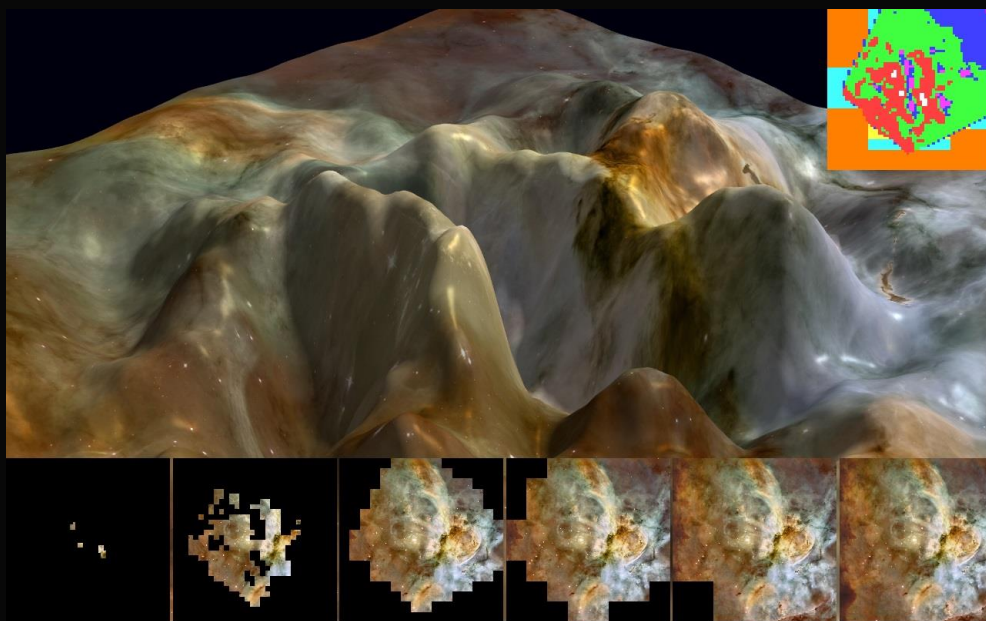
Color = mip level. For some resources, not all tiles of each mip layer are loaded.

- **Set Sampler Feedback region size to reserved resource tile size**
  - e.g. 256 x 256 for BC7
- **Sampler Feedback min mip map tells you which tiles to load**
  - e.g. all tiles at and below mip 3 in a particular region
- **Sampler Feedback Resource is very small:  
4KB for 16kx16k BC7**



# Sampler Feedback Avoids Artifacts

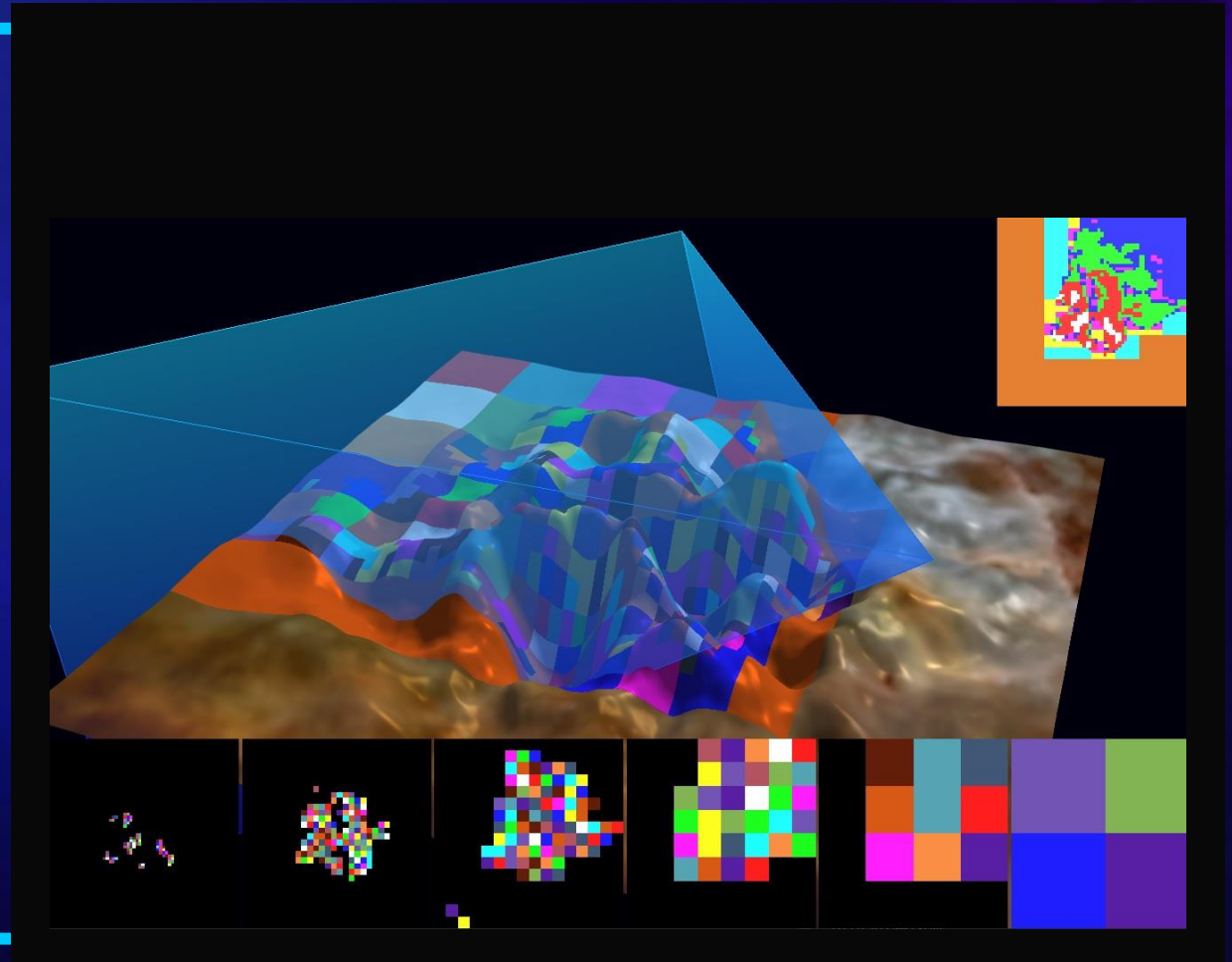
No cracks/seams between tiles at different mip levels





# Sampler Feedback Enables Aggressive Memory Management

- Tile resolution drops with distance
- Tiles outside of view can be evicted quickly
- (blurry area is packed mips)





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# File Streaming Background



- **Sampler Feedback: what to load**
- .....■
- **Reserved Resources: where they are loaded**

**How do we load the tiles?**

# Make Your Assets Streaming Friendly

## Tile texture assets

- Want: single 64KB contiguous file reads
- DDS Textures: 64 reads per tile! (each row of BCn is 4 high)

**Most disks do well with contiguous reads**

**Sparse reads of 64KB chunks achieve high throughput**

# File Streaming (for DX) is Hard

## Traditionally a lot of bookkeeping

- event handles, upload buffers, copy queue, command lists, command allocators
- .....
- may have a dedicated thread to poll event handles & create copy commands

## DirectX interaction is complex

- must manage upload resources (e.g one large shared or many small upload buffers)
- .....
- minimize time from start of file load to signal of DX fence

## Difficult to implement with high performance

- Want: Low Latency, Maximum Bandwidth, Minimal CPU Overhead
- .....
- Especially critical for streaming applications – cannot have multi-frame delay



# Streaming with DirectStorage\* for Windows

## DirectStorage = file loading that speaks DirectX

- Can synchronize with familiar DirectX fence objects

## Replaced hundreds of lines of file upload code

- fewer kernel transitions, etc.

## Faster and lower CPU overhead

- fewer kernel transitions, etc.

## Easily load from disk or memory to regions, tiles, or mips

- trivial to upload from tiled asset files

# Streaming with DirectStorage\* for Windows

**DirectStorage =  
file loading that  
speaks DirectX**

- Can synchronize with familiar D3D12 fence objects

**Replaced  
hundreds of  
lines of file  
upload code**

**Faster and  
lower CPU  
overhead**

- fewer kernel transitions, etc.

**Easily load from  
SSD or memory  
to regions, tiles,  
or mips**

DirectStorage replaced hundreds of lines code  
plus 1 dedicated CPU thread

**“ We have been collaborating closely with Intel on DirectStorage for Windows, and are really excited about new experiences developers will be able to unlock with it ”**

- Damyan Pepper, Development Lead (DirectStorage for Windows\*), Microsoft

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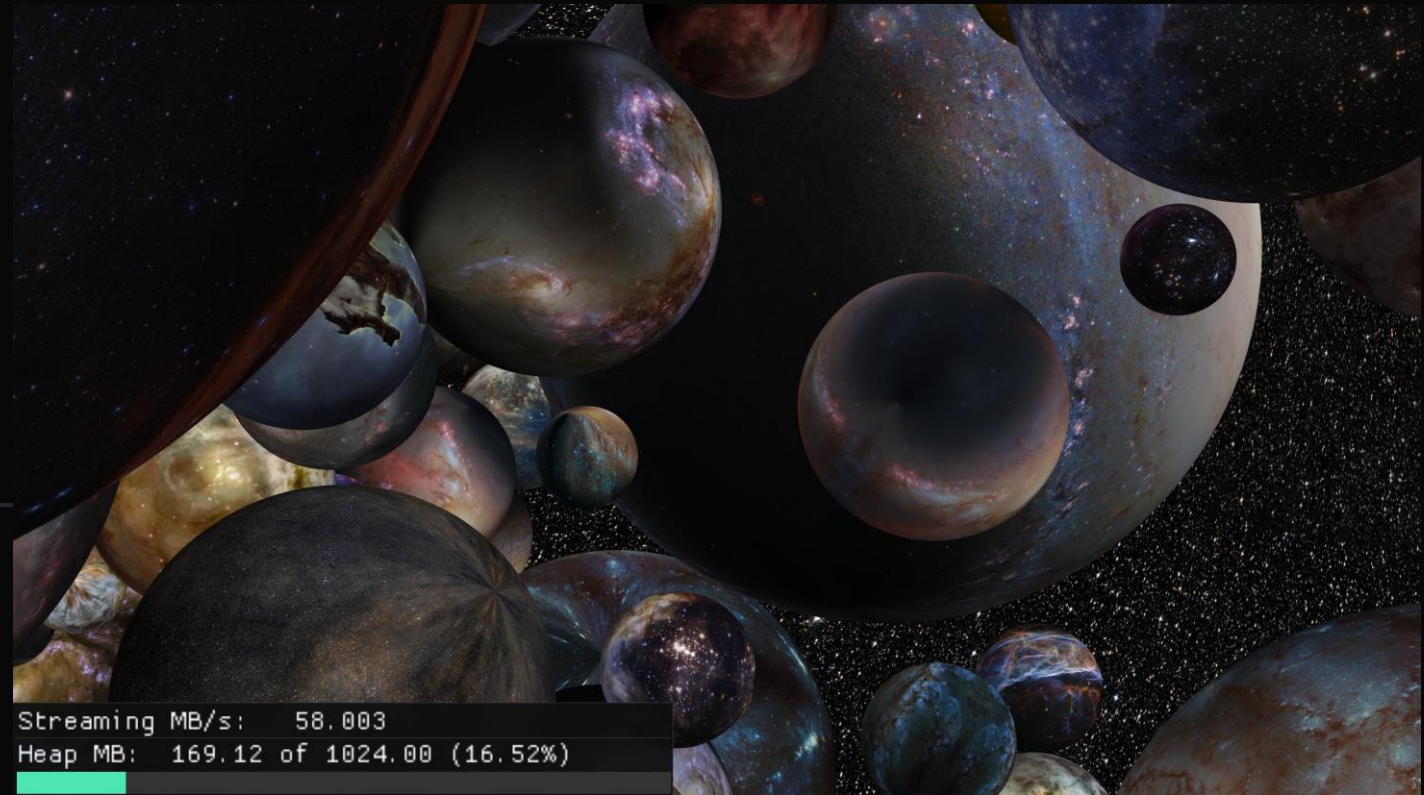
■ References



# Stream Many (Very) Large Assets

## For this scene:

- ~50MB/s  
 <250MB physical memory



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## Summary / Call to Action

Intel® Iris® Xe  
Graphics and future  
Intel dGPUs support  
Sampler Feedback

Intel systems will  
support  
DirectStorage\*  
when available

Begin developing with Sampler Feedback today!

# References

- [Microsoft® Sampler Feedback Specification](#)
- [DirectStorage is Coming to PC](#)
- [Sample Source Code](#)
- [Hubble Images](#)



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