

Enhanced power-loss data protection in the Intel[®] Solid-State Drive 320 Series

Data safety features prepare for unexpected power-loss and protect system and user data.



Worried about data loss during unplanned power shutdowns? Waiting for a solution to address system power loss in client environments or inadvertent drive removal in data center applications? Your wait is over – the Intel® Solid-State Drive 320 Series (Intel® SSD 320 Series) introduces enhanced power-loss data protection features that prepare the SSD for unexpected system power loss and protect your data.

Importance of Power-Loss Data Protection

During a "clean" shutdown, most host sytems initiate a command (the STANDBY IMMEDIATE command) to an SSD to give the SSD enough time to prepare for the shutdown. This allows the SSD to save data currently in transition (in temporary buffers) to the non-volatile NAND media.

However, during an unsafe power shutdown, the SSD abruptly loses power before the host system can initiate the STANDBY IMMEDIATE command. This prevents data in the temporary buffers from being saved in the non-volatile NAND.

In the Intel SSD 320 Series, user data and system data are stored in temporary buffers for a very short period of time compared to their residency in the NAND media. The Intel SSD 320 Series makes sure both types of data are protected during unexpected power loss events.

How Power-Loss Data Protection is Implemented

The Intel SSD 320 Series contains hardware- and firmware-based power-loss data protection features. The SSD includes a power-fail detection circuit, which sends a signal to the ASIC controller in the SSD indicating there is an imminent drop in power level. Triggered by this, SSD firmware disconnects the input power from the SSD. The SSD then relies on its on-board power-loss protection capacitance to provide enough energy for the SSD firmware to move data from the transfer buffer and other temporary buffers to the NAND.

What Type of Data is Protected

During an unsafe shutdown, firmware routines in the Intel SSD 320 Series respond to power loss interrupt and make sure both user data and system data in the temporary buffers are transferred to the NAND media. Additionally, given the energy provided by the capacitor elements and urgency to recover data, firmware de-prioritizes non essential controller activities to quickly get into data saving mode all with no impact on overall system performance.

Power-loss Tolerant Storage Capacitance

The heart of the Intel SSD 320 Series power-loss protection scheme is the on-board power-loss tolerant storage capacitance.

The Intel SSD 320 Series uses small value, light-weight discrete capacitances to assure that all user data is saved to the storage media. This solution is different from a super capacitance-based solution. The capacitors are rated to meet Intel SSD operational specifications. This ensures that sufficient energy is stored at any given time during different operating conditions as well as throughout the life of the SSD.

Inrush Current Mitigation Scheme

During hot plugging or inserting, there is possibility of high inrush current (higher than normal operating current) due to charging of input capacitors. The Intel SSD 320 Series has inrush current mitigation circuits (see figure below) to limit these undesired current spikes. This scheme limits the current within 1.2 amps during startup. This helps the system from browning out the power system due to high instantaneous current needs and provides a complete robust solution to handle power management.



Solid-State Computing Starts with Intel Inside® For more information, visit www.intel.com/go/ssd

INFORMATION IN THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH INTEL PRODUCTS. NO LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN INTEL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR SUCH PRODUCTS, INTEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND INTEL DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, RELATING TO SALE AND/OR USE OF INTEL PRODUCTS INCLUDING LIABILITY OR WARRANTIES RELATING TO FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, MERCHANTABILITY, OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT. UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED IN WRITING BY INTEL, THE INTEL PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED NOR INTENDED FOR ANY APPLICATION IN WHICH THE FAILURE OF THE INTEL PRODUCT COULD CREATE A

UNLESS OTHERWISE AGREED IN WRITING BY INTEL, THE INTEL PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED NOR INTENDED FOR ANY APPLICATION IN WHICH THE FAILURE OF THE INTEL PRODUCT COULD CREATE A SITUATION WHERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH MAY OCCUR.

Intel may make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time, without notice. Designers must not rely on the absence or characteristics of any features or instructions marked "reserved" or "undefined." Intel reserves these for future definition and shall have no responsibility whatsoever for conflicts or incompatibilities arising from future changes to them. The information here is subject to change without notice. Do not finalize a design with this information.

The products described in this document may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. Current characterized errata are available on request.

Contact your local Intel sales office or your distributor to obtain the latest specifications and before placing your product order.

Copies of documents which have an order number and are referenced in this document, or other Intel literature, may be obtained by calling 1-800-548-4725, or go to: http://www.intel.com/design/literature.htm

*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

Copyright ° 2011 Intel Corporation. All rights reserved. Intel, the Intel logo, and Intel Inside are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the U.S. and other countries.

Printed in USA 3/2011/SB/PDF

Please Recycle

325207-001US